narlie Chaplin's n plans cultural ntre in Soweto

(ANNESBURG (APP

recities allow spreak

to humans and olfa-

Fugence Chaplin, the nessman son or alm nd Charle Chaplis is amp to build a culual re in Sowete, South cat's largest black anty town, the coic dialy Business Div Hugene Chaple tunment is planning pend to billion rule and \$450 million of centre which will de a cinema complex i-media hall, bookshop cafe and restaurant nng work has already ed on a 200 hectar acres site in the ahof district de, an area known for ack of intrastructure... Chaplin, 42 skieched he initial plans for the e with a Soweto-based ess during a visit to

Business Day he want e centre to present ultural, economic and values my father ed for 50 years lion dollar car

Africa earlier this

The businessium

lives at Montreux in

erland in a house

ited from his father

tolen at gas station

INGHAM. England - A Renault luxury with a prototype e and a footilist (000) price tag was at a highway gas stauesday night, police Vednesday. The plue ic was being masby mick from

dt headquarters in ; to a test sile at orough. central nd. The driver was refreshment and the a went," said a police sman. He said both d truck were taken.

## Full ties with Israel for full peace — Bahrain

MANAMA (R) — The forging of Gulf Arab-ties with Israel must be preceded by accords for full peace between the Jewish state and Syria and Lebanon. Bahrain's foreign minister was quoted on Saturday as saying. Sheikh Mohammad Ben Mubarak Al Khalifa told the London-hased Al Hayat daily that moves were developing lowards normalisation of ties but "the issue of Syria and Lebanon is very important for us (Gulf Arab states)." "We cannot go along with it (ties) without progress being achieved on the Syrian and Lebanese from." said the minister whose country is the current head of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (ACC). Sheikh Mohammad said: "Normalisation of ties would only be full after full peace." Oman last week forged official trade ties with Israel—the first GCC state to do so. The GCC also groups Saudi Arabia. Qatar. Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates.



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Volume 19 Number 6040

AMMAN SUNDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1995, JUMADA ULA 14, 1416

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

# Palestinian women prisoners action from her founds as and here Tuesday, he must breach actions. w declarates herself to demand release of all or none oke out to manual wells.

of the white thinocens (Agencies) — Twenty-three the killing of th d the killing of elephan Palestinian women refused to South Africa's bigges be released on Saturday un-outh Africa be wrote prisoners as it agreed to outh Africa has been prisoners as it agreed to table for its eagements anneh the more marks. It is a series and the more marks and the more marks and the more marks.

the have succeeded to Tel Mond prison near Tel pening lunning for the Aviv. are due to be released arte than seeros, thus one over the next few days with maing the species | 1,100 men under the terms of Il do my utniest to and the accord expanding Palesti-

> They accused Israel of flagrantly violating the agreement, signed in Washington on Sept. 28, in a statement published by the Palestinian Prisoners' Association in

> The women's protest came as Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat prepared to meet later Saturday in an attempt to defuse a growing crisis over Israel's refusal to release Palestinian

women jailed for murder. The two men were to hold talks at the Erez crossing between the Gaza Strip and israel, officials said, for what had been intended to be routine talks on implementing their accord on extending Palestinian self-

rule in the West Bank. However, PLO officials said Israel's refusal to release i least four women, in violation of their Sept. 28 agree-

CAIRO (Agencies) — Egypt raised hopes on Saturday that

Libvan leader Muammar

Oadhafi would back off his

campaign to exept the 30,000

Palestinians living in his

velopments to occur soon."

Foreign Minister Amr Musa

said a day after meeting Col-

onel Qadhafi for "extended

talks" near the Egyptian-

was clear," Mr. Musa told

Mr. Musa's comments

came as Palestinians closed

off the road between Egypt

and Libya to protest their

plight after Tripoli expelled

them and they were refused

entry by Cairo, leaving them

trapped in no man's land

Qadhafi's understanding

Libyan border.

'We expect positive de-

of confidence. Mr. Peres told Israeli radio

on Saturday: "I hope that this effect on the implementation

'We have explained to the Palestinians that the government had proposed the liberation of all women prisoners but it cannot force the hand of President Weizman."

The meeting with Arafat is above all about setting the timetable for redeployment and the transfer of authority to the Palestinians. There are many details still to settle."

The autonomy deal calls for the Israeli army to withdraw from six West Bank towns and for the deployment in stages of 12,000 Palestinian police, allowing for self-rule elections next

The head of the Israeli military administration in the West Bank, General Oren Shahor, told Israeli radio on Saturday that the army was "ready to hand over administrative buildings to the Palestinians within a very

He confirmed that four offices would be transferred to the Palestinians in the next few days and a further eight would soon follow.

In their statement, the women at Tel Mond said 37 Palestinian women, including

expulsions, Musa hints

at Libyan-Egyptian border crossing

Around 900 Palestinians

An Arab diplomatic source

eeded in persuading Col.

suggested that Mr. Musa had

Qadhafi to drop the cam-

paign and let the stranded

Palestinians return to Libya.

withdraw from its position

bud it will find a way." said

the source, who asked not to

be named. "Maybe by the

end of this week we will have

Col. Qadhafi began the

campaign in a bid to show the

'failure" of Israeli-Palestine

Liberation Organisation

(PLO) self-rule accords, in-

sisting that if they had truly

created a Palestinian hume-

solved the problem."

Libya will need time to

have been stranded in the

zone, living in a tent camp set

up by Libya.

Stranded Palestinians block traffic

Libya may reverse its

## Arafat,Peres begin talks

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres began talks on Saturday evening on implementing an accord signed in Washington last week to expand Palestinian self-rule in the West Bank. PLO officials said Mr. Arafat would demand that Israel free all 27 Palestinian women prisoners it is holding as stated in the accord.

seven held for questioning. were currently behind bars. Israeli and PLO officials have put the number at 27 or 28. A Palestinian group identified five women jailed for

murder. Israeli President Ezer Weizman and military authorities on Friday refused to authorise the release of prisoners with Israeli "blood on their hands." Their decision came on the same day that parliament approved the West Bank deal by 61 votes

Under a barrage of Palestinian criticism. a meeting between Mr. Peres and Mr. Arafat was arranged to try to defuse the row.

Mr. Arafat insisted on all 28 women being freed, an

Gaza Strip, then Palestinians should be able to return

Col. Qadhafi the Egyptian

position that Arab states

cess with Israel.

source said.

Mr. Musa explained to

the tough negotiations in the Egyptian resort of Taba last month that led to the West

"To keep even a single woman prisoner in jail is in violations of the accord and shakes the confidence of the Palestinians." said Hisham Abdul Razzak, a Palestinian official in charge of the detainees' file.

The West Bank accord states that "all female detainees and prisoners shall be released in the first stage of release.

One official said the prisoners conveyed a message to Palestinian National Authority (PNA) meeting in Gaza before the talks scheduled between Mr. Arafat and Mr.

They will not accept freedom unless all are freed." said Sufyan Abu Zaydeh. a PLO negotiator on behalf of the prisoners.

PNA negotiator Saeb Erekat said the prisoner issue would top the agenda in the PNA member Mohammad

Zuhdi Al Nashashibi said the PLO backed the prisoners' Dr. Erekat said: "It was

agreed that the redeployment will start 10 days after the Special to the Jordan Times signing and end by the end of December 1995 from the areas of the West Bank and from Hebron in March.



REGENT REVIEWS SUMMIT ISSUES: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, on Saturday called at the Prime Ministry and met with acting Prime Minister Abdul Raouf Rawabdeh and Deputy Prime Minister Khaled Karaki. The ministers briefed the Regent on issues related to development and modernisation of public services and economic and social issues. Later, the Regent chaired a meeting (photo above) attended by the ministers of finance, industry and trade and planning that reviewed preparations for the Middle East and North Africa economic summit scheduled to be neld here this month. The Regent discussed at the meeting issues that came up during a similar conference held in Casablanca last year (Petra photo)

# Al Hussein camp residents not to be evicted, Tal says

By Natasha Bukhari

AMMAN — The government will not evict the tens of thousands of residents of the Al Hussein refugee camp despite a recent Court of Cassation ruling that the land where they have set up homes be returned to their original owners, Justice Minister Hisham Al Tal said Saturday.

The formula the government has in mind involves either buying or leasing the land from the owners, who allowed the use of their land to build the camp to accommodate the wave of Palestinians who lost their homes in the 1948 war, Mr.

"There was no need for concern," said Mr. Tal. referring to an uprour in the local press after the court ruling. We will not evict thousands of people and render them homeless," he told the Jor-dan Times. "The government wil either buy the property or lease it from its owners" to prevent the eviction of the

esidents of the camp. A decision to this effect will be announced "in the next few days." said the

minister. Mr. Tal's statements were met with relief by some denuties who had raised questions about the government's stand over the issue.

"I feel comfortable about the justice minister's statements," said Islamist Deputy Deeb Abdullah, who had sent a letter to Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker

Hisham Al Tal dents of the camp and prevent their eviction.

The government tried to keep the matter a secret." he charged, adding that "it (the government) might have forotten to mention it or deliberately refrained from

According to the deputy. the government in 1948 rented for 99-years part of the property on which the camp was set up. The rent of another part (55 dunums) was being renewed for five vears until 1970, when the government stopped paying

The matter reignited the controversy over the fate of the millions of Palestinian refugees one of the thorniest issues in Arab-Israeli peace

negotiations. While Arabs demand that Israel grant refugees the right of return or compensation in 'accordance to international the definition of "displaced and refugees" as well as their

The displaced are those who fled their homes in the occupied territories during the 1967 Arab-Israeli war. while the refugees are those who were forced to leave in

The last round of negotiations over the issue which took place here last month failed to bridge the gap between Arabs and Israelis.

Under the September 1993 (DoP) deal between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel. the two sides will discuss the issue in the last stages of their peace negotiations in 1996.

Some deputies are sceptical that safeguarding the refugee camps here is aimed at settling Palestinian refugees and moulding them into the society." thus preempting the eventuality of denying them their right of return. Others say that it is a judicial rather than a political decision.

"Whether the government decides to acquire the ownership of the land and pass it over to those living on it. or whether it carries out the court's ruling, it will be (in both cases) settling the refugees," Islamist Deputy Abdul Aziz Jaber was quoted as saying by Al Hadath week-

"What is happening in Al Hussein camp is a judicial decision and has nothing to do with settling... Palestinians can only be settled in Palestine.... 'said Dr.

## Settlers clash with Hebron residents

HEBRON (Agencies) Jewish settlers and Palesti-nian pupils scuffled outside a girls' school in the Israelioccupied West Bank town of Hebron on Saturday, Palestinian witnesses said.

They said Israeli police intervened and detained a Palestinian youth throwing stones but no one was hurt. Earlier, police detained the principal and two security guards at the Gordoba Girls School for about two hours. Palestinian sources said police insisted that the principal sign a pledge not to raise the Palestinian flag above the school but she refused.

About 50 settlers broke into the school on Tuesday in anger at the raising of a Palestinian flug.

Settlers want Palestinians to refrain from flying the flag over the school opposite a settler stronghold in Hebron. for which special security arrangements have been agreed in the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) accord for self-rule in the West Bank signed last

The accord angered Hebron's 120.000 Palestinians and 400 settlers. Palestinians want the settlers to leave the city, while settlers want Hebron to remain under Israeli control.

The Israeli army said meanwhile it would extend closures it clamped on the Palestinian-ruled Gaza Strip and the occupied West Bank until Tuesday.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's adviser on "terrorism" warned Israelis earlier this week to be on guard against expected suicide bombings by militants opposed to the Israel-PLO

The army sealed off the Gaza Strip on Sept. 20 and closed Israel's borders with the West Bank a week later. It had said both areas would be reopened on Oct. 8 but a military statement said on saturday both regions would remain sealed off for security reasons until Oct. 10 at 0200

An Israeli court ordered the mother of Yahya Ayyash. the suspected mastermind behind several militant anti-Israeli bomb attacks, to be detained for questioning for a further six days, legal sources said Saturday.

Aysheh Ayyash, 55, who has been held at the central prison in Jerusalem since Sept. 20, is suspected of passing messages between jailed members of the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas and activists outside, her

Her detention was extended at a hearing on Fri-

# fraq presents its case ahead of U.N. review of sanctions

BAGHDAD (R) — Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz said on Saturday in advance of a U.N. Security Council debate on sanctions against Iraq that his country had fully complied with demands to eliminate all weapons of mass destruction.

Rolf Ekeus, head of the U.N. Special Commission on Iragi weapons, has predicted criticism of Iraq when he delivers his semi-annual report by Oct. 11 because he said Baghdad has still not provided full information.

But Mr. Aziz said President Saddam Hussein's govemment had cooperated fully with Mr. Ekeus, who is dealing with Iraqi missiles and biological and chemical weapons, and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), which is eliminatage Iraq's nuclear weapons

The Iraqi government and the parties concerned with dealing with the special commission and the IAEA have positively and responsibly cooperated with the committee and the agency for the entire last period, and will

continue full cooperation. Mr. Aziz said in a letter to the chairman of the Security Council.

"In consequence to this, big achievements have been made," he said. The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said the letter was handed over by Iraqi Foreign Minister Mohammad Al Sahaf in New

"On behalf of the Iraqi government I confirm that all the information and documents that were delivered after the 17 of last August 1995, despite all that they contained, do not alter the essential fact that Iraq does not possess since the year 1991 any weapons or arms components that were banned according to the terms of Resolution 687 and that Iraq has not made any activities that may violate this resolution," he added.

After the defection in August of Lieutenant General Hussein Kamel, President Saddam's son-in-law who masterminded Iraq's secret military programme, Iraq handed over 650,000 pages of documents on the banned

veapons.

Mr. Ekeus, who said all the documents would now have to be studied, reports every six months on the progress towards enforcing Resolution 687, the ceasefire terms set after Iraq was driven from

(Continued on page 7)

Kuwait in the 1991 Gulf war. The United Nations will not consider easing the stringent sanctions imposed on Iraq for its 1990 invasion of Kuwait until Mr. Ekeus says all weapons of mass destruction have been eliminated and monitoring is in place to prevent Iraq acquiring them

Mr. Aziz denied suggestions there might be weapons or chemicals in vessels sunk in the Shatt Al Arab waterway and near the Iraqi coast during the Gulf war. Iraqi officials said earlier this week the ships carried oil..

"I confirm that the Iraqi vessels that were sunk at that period were not carrying any weapons or chemical materials and we are ready, if the 'United Nations so wished, to salvage the sunk ships and verify their contents," said

# Bosnia truce may be delayed

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — Bosnia's President Alija Izetbegovic said he did not believe that a countrywide ceasefire for Bosnia would begin first thing Tuesday as origi-

should hold off making unilateral moves on the Palesti-He told reporters that the nians to give the peace protruce, conditional on restoring gas and electricity supcess with Israel more time. the source said The PLO and Israel are to plies to Sarajevo, would not begin as planned "because tackle the problem of Palestithe conditions have not been

nian refugees early next year when they start final status Mr. Izetbegovic was speaktalks on autonomy. Tripoli ing in Fujnira. 40 kilometres west of Sarajevo. has opposed the peace prowhere he held talks with other Bosnian government officials and with the U.N. Mr. Musa also "reminded Qadhafi what Egypt has done in the Lockerbie affair," the commander for southwest Bosnia, Brigadier Andrew

Pringle. Earlier a Bosnian Foreign Ministry official said the start of the 60-day ceasefire would be delayed by two days because of problems with res-tarting gas and electrical sup-

plies to the city. The U.S.-brokered ceasefire, announced Thursday, was due to come into effect from midnight Monday local

It is intended to serve as a prelude to proximity talks among Bosnian, Croatian and Serbian leaders in the United States leading to a fully-fledged peace confer-ence to be held in Paris. Belgrade newspapers seen

as the voice of Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic forecast on Saturday that the ceasefire in Bosnia would bring an end to its 3½ year "Peace has begun to move

like an avalanche and will be difficult to stop in the weeks to come," the daily Borba wrote in a commentary. "It is time to lay down arms and sit at the negotiations table for as long as is necessary." Politika, rump Yugosla-

via's biggest selling newspaper, said the ceasefire deal endorsed by Mr. Milosevic indicates... the end of the civil war in Bosnia.' Mr. Milosevic is negotiatng on behalf of Bosnian

Serbs who held out for more

than a year against a big (Continued on page 7)

# Syria says it is seeking with U.S. 'new form' for peace negotiations with Israel

DAMASCUS (Agencies) — Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa said Syria and the United States were seeking to find a new form of negotiations for the Syria-Israel track of the Middle East peace process, the Syrian News Agency (SANA) reported.

SANA said Mr. Sharaa, speaking to Arab reporters late on Friday in Washington. expressed satisfaction with his talks with U.S. peace negotiator Dennis Ross and Secretary of State Warren Christopher (see page 12).

"Now we are seeking to find a new form to resume the negotiations on the Syrian track ...," Mr. Sharaa said, adding that the aim would be avoid deadlock and time-wasting.

U.S. officials said meetings between Mr. Sharaa, Mr. Christopher and Mr. Ross resulted in no progress on the Syria-Israel track and peace talks remained deadlocked over Israeli withdrawal from the Golan, and security arrangements.

"I could say I am satisfied with talks with U.S. officials because they were based on mutual keenness to push the peace process to reach results and not only hold negotia-tions for the sake of negotiat-..." Mr. Sharaa said.

Syria accuses Israel of wasting time in negotiations. while Israel says Syria reneged on agreements to resume peace talks at a low military level.

U.S. officials had hoped the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace accord signed on Sept. 28 would clear the way for all parties to refocus efforts on the Israeli-Syrian peace track after three months of no visible progress.

There were "no specific breakthroughs," said State

Department spokesman Nicholas Burns in Washing-

Mr. Sharaa and Mr. Ross failed to agree on a resumption of contracts between Syrian and Israeli military officials. A Washington meeting in June between the two countries' top military brass

was cut short.

Israel wants its army to be able to keep an alert station on the Golan Heights with an eye towards a possible pullout from the strategic plateau it has occupied since 1967. Syria insists that the surveillance be done by satellite.

"It is the central question in the negotiation." Mr. Burns said. "This is something Israel and Syria will have to resolve themselves."

The U.S. spokesman said the Ross-Sharaa meeting did provide the opportunity to show Damascus "we are determined to work with Israel over the next several weeks. Referring to the Mideast peace process negotiating table, he added: "Here are two empty chairs. Syria and Lebanon: we hope they'll be

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin blamed to deadlock in peace talks on Syria's

"I have no impressions or information that encourage developing talks with Syria.

Mr. Rabin told Israel TV. Mr. Rabin's comments came after Syrian chief of staff blamed the stalemate on

Israeli security demands. Mr. Rabin said that Syrian demands and Syria's refusal to hold direct talks with Israel hindered progress.

"We need talks as we had with the Jordanians, the Palestinians and the Egyptians. The ball is in the Syrian court," Mr. Rabin said,

# Afghanistan is in ruins, U.N. envoy reports after tour to assess situation

ISLAMABAD (AP) — Afghanistan's two largest cities are a landscape of rubble and ruin, reminiscent of post-World War II Europe. a senior U.N. official said Saturday.

"The devastation in many parts of Kabul and Kandahar is just enormous... one is reminded of images of World War II Europe when you see entire neighbourhoods re-duced to rubble," Peter Hansen, United Nations undersecretary-general for humanitarian affairs, told a news conference in the Pakistani capital.

Mr. Hansen spent the last four days touring Afghanistan's war-shattered capital of Kabul, southern Kandahar city and the eastern city of Jalalabad.

The ancestral home of Afghanistan's royal family, Kandahar was once a sprawling city of ornate palaces and adobe mud homes. But 10 years of Soviet occupation and several more years of civil war reduced entire suburbs to mounds of dirt.

Kabul, a bustling city of nearly two million people before insurgents threw out the communists from power in 1992, has been devastated by relentless factional fighting that fol-

The internecine fighting has left at least 25,000 people dead - mostly civilians — and sent another 75,000 people fleeing to eastern Jalala-

In Jalalabad, about 125 kilometres from Kabul. the destruction is outside the city where hundreds of thousands of refugees have turned vast tracts of forests into barren plains.

"In Jalalabad all the trees have been cut, all the bushes removed. It is an environmental disas-

ter," said Mr. Hansen. However, he said he saw hope emerge from the destruction.

In some areas children had returned to school, albeit badly damaged schools without desks. books or paper, he said. Some classes were held outside and students sat on plastic sheets.

Farmers had returned to their fields despite an estimated 10 million land mines that litter the countryside, he said.

Mr. Hansen said his four-day tour has given him ammunition he will use next Tuesday in Geneva when he launches an appeal for emergency humanitarian assistance to Afghanistan.

Last year the U.N. tried to raise \$106 million to aid Afghanistan but received

only \$80 million. Mr. Hansen refused to say how much the U.N will be seeking next year but said it will be at least 10 to 15 per cent higher.

He said Afghanistan is among the poorest countries in the world, with one of the highest rates of both infant mortality and malnutrition.

It is also the most heavily mined country in the world, he said.

Aid workers in Kabul say at least five people are injured by land mines each day.

Mr. Hansen said the U.N humanitarian aid goes toward detecting land mines, improving the supply of clean water. health care and educa-



ARREST IN HEBRON: Israeli soldiers arrest a Palestinian boy suspected of throwing stones during a confrontation on Saturday with Jewish settlers who stormed a girls school in the occupied West Bank town (see page one) (AFP photo)

# Ramos envoys to appeal for maid on death row in UAE

bed 34 times.

down at a retrial ordered by

UAE President Zayed Ben

Sultan Al Nahayan, who can-celled a June verdict jailing

her for seven years for man-

slaughter and awarding her

compensation for being

judges said new testimony showed she had not been

Meanwhile, Danilo Cruz, the labour attache at the Phi-

lippine embassy here, said

the defence team had so far

failed to trace a witness who

could bolster Ms. Balaba-

gan's argument of self-de-

The witness, a fellow Fili-

pina and former employee of

a recruitment agency in the

In the second trial, the.

ABU DHABI (AFP) — The Philippines ambassador to the United Arab Emirates (UAE) met here Saturday with presidential envoys from Manila to plan the appeal of a young Filipina maid on death row for murdering her em-

ployer.
Ambassador Roy Seneres
held talks in the UAE capital with former Supreme Court Justice Abdul Wahid Bidin and other experts in Islamic law who arrived earlier with the maid's parents and younger sister, a Philippine diplo-

mat said. Mr. Bidin was dispatched by Philippine President Fidel Ramos, who has already asked the UAE for clemency The appeal of the death

sentence against Sarah Balabagan is set to begin Monday at the Islamic court in the casis town of Al 'Ain, 160 kilometres east of Abu

The family was carrying Ms. Balabagan's birth certificate to disprove court claims the maid was 27 years old when she stabbed her Emirati employer to death with the knife she said he used to rape

UAE, had reportedly heard Ms. Balabagan complain that Baloushi had sexually haras-The family and her lawyers said she was only 15 at the

There were reports that the woman, Nolita Delizo, had Last month the Islamic court in Al 'Ain condemned Ms. Balabagan to death after left for neighbouring Oman but she has not been found, finding her guilty of the pre-meditated murder of her emdespite radio broadcasts from ployer Mohammad Al Baloushi, who had been stabthe Philippine community in Abu Dhabi which can be picked up in Oman, Mr. Cruz The sentence was handed

During court proceedings on Aug. 30, the head of the recruitment agency, Mahmoud Farah, denied Ms. Balabagan had complained of sexual harassment and said Baloushi was "sexually too

weak" to rape.

Authorities here were also questioning the defence's assertion that Ms. Balabagan was only 15 years old when she killed her employer, saying she is probably many wears older.

The chief defence lawyer, Mohammad Al Amin, said Ms. Balabagan was brought to the UAE on a forged passport putting her age at 27, and said doctors who had examined her after the killing reported that she was 15.

The main variable here

as always is terrorism," Mr.

Heller said, recalling that

## Moroccan policeman kills two **Britons** in Tangier

RABAT (R) — A Moroccan policeman shot dead two Britons and wounded three other tourists, including a 12year-old British girl, in a hotel in the northern Moroccan city of Tangier, police

said on Saturday.

Police identified the dead couple as Martin and Margaret Gower, both in their 60s. The wounded girl was named

as Charlene Parker. Another British tourist, Patricia Cherrat, in her 50s, was in hospital with serious injuries in the back, the spokesman said. A Frenchman in his late 20s was also

A British embassy spokesman confirmed the deaths and said the girl was lightly wounded in the hand during the attack in the seafront Tarik Hotel on Friday night.

Details were still sketchy but a spokesman for police in Tangier told Reuters that shooting started in the hotel bar after a police inspector in civilian clothes walked into the hotel after killing his wife, Samia Benjedi, and wounding her brother, at their home in this Mediterranean port city.

He said the attacker, who was unidentified, opened fire at random, killing the British couple and wounding the other three.

The spokesman said that first reports of the attacker being arrested were incorrect. He had escaped and a big manhunt was underway.

Police said the shooting appeared to be a crime of passion by a distraught husband who thought his wife was cheating on him during her frequent visits to the

A British embassy official in Rabat said a "rogue police-man" was responsible for the killings.

Last year, in another attack on a hotel, in the Moroccan city of Marrakesh, two Spanish tourists were killed. Three people of Algerian origin were sentenced to death for their part in the attack, which Rabat said at the time was part of a plot to destabilise the country.

## **NEWS IN BRIEF**

## Escorting of Israeli tourists dies in road accident

CAIRO (AP) - A police car escorting a bus of 24 Israeli tourists overturned on a road in northern Fgypt, killing an officer and injuring five policemen, police sources said Saturday. The accident happened Friday night when the driver lost control of the wheel and the car flipped over on the highway between the Mediterranean cities of Port Said and Alexandria. The bus continued on to Alexandria, police said. Police often give escorts to tourists in Egypt to head off attacks by Muslim militants, who have targeted foreigners in their three-year campaign against Egypt's secular government. The crash was the third accident involving tourists in the past week. A Dutch and Danish tourist died when their taxi collided with a minibus in southern Egypt Friday, and 10 Nigerians were killed Wednesday when their bus crashed in the Sinai peninsula.

## Tremor shakes Algeria; no damage reported

PARIS (R) - An earthquake measuring 3.5 on the open-ended Richter scale rocked the eastern Algerian region of Teressa on Saturday, but no casualties or damage were reported, the Algerian official news agency APS said. The epicentre of the tremor, which struck at 8.25 a.m. (0725 SMT), was in Bekkaria village near Tebessa town, about 480 kilometre east of Algiers, APS said, quoting local seismological officials.

## Relief donors visit south Sudan

KHARTOUM (AFP) - Relief donors have begun a tour of south Sudan and war-affected and displaced people areas in assess needs in 1996 of relief materials, the Al Sudan Al Hadith daily said. The annual tour of the 12 delegations was aimed of getting acquainted with the infrastructures and situation of water, health and education services in the war-affected and displaced people areas, the daily cited an official at the Sudanese Relief and Rehabilitation Commission as saying. The delegates come from U.N. organisations. Operation Lifeline Sudan, the Sudanese Relief and Rehabilitation Commission and foreign and local voluntary organisations. They will also gather information on the demographic features and population activities in addition to the economic conditions in the south Sudan states. Information on the south Sudan states Information of the south Sudan states. south Sudan states. Information on means of transport, animal resources, agricultural activities and production inputs, such as seeds and traditional cultivation tools, will be collected by the delegations.

## U.N. to continue Gulf observation mission

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UNITED NATIONS (AFP) — Despite financial difficulties, the U.N. Security Council will continue to maintain an observer mission on the border between Iraq and Kuwait, western diplomats said Friday. Security Council President Ibrahim Gambari of Nigeria sent a letter in U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali approving the continuation of the mission of 1,331 observers. In a report Monday, the United Nations chief recommended the continuation of the mission, in effect since the day after the Gulf war ended in 1991. He noted, however, that unpaid contributions to the special mission totalled \$37 million.

## 5 Algerians sentenced for German jail mutiny

KASSEL, Germany (R) - Five Algerians were convicted by a German court on Friday for taking a prison warden hostage when they tried to resist deportation in July 1994. The 22-hour prison mutiny was brought to a peaceful end by commandos. The court in the central German city of Kassel sentenced the five men aged 22 to 25 to between 21/2 and 51/2 years in prison for seizing the warden and threatening him with a knife in protest against conditions in the jail. Six other Algerians have already been sentenced to between 18 months and 51/2 years on charges that included hostage taking, intimidation, breach of the peace and arson. Four more were released because of the time they spent in remand. Two have been deported and two others have gone underground, according to state prosecutors. The Algerians were mainly asylum seekers whose applications had been turned down.

## Militants kill informant in Egypt

CAIRO (AP) - Three suspected militants shot and killed a man they believed was an informer Saturday and then tried to behead him before police stopped them. The assailants shot Fawzy Hammam in the village of Al Idarah in Minya province, a militant stronghold about 220 kilometres south of Cairo, police sources said. One of the militants then took a knife and tried to sever Hammam's head. But police, arriving late on the scene, started shooting and forced the assailants to flee, the sources said. Militants often target people they believe are collaborating with police. Saturday's attack was the second attempt to dismember a victim, apparently to spread fear among informers. Last month, militants shot dead a suspected informant and then beheaded and dismembered him with a butcher's knife.

## Three killed as car hits came!

DUBAI (AFP) - A five-year-old boy and two other people died when the car in which they were travelling hit a camel in the United Arab Emirates, a newspaper reported Saturday. Three other passengers were injured in Friday's accident in the emirate of Umm Al Quwain, the Englishlanguage daily Gulf News said. Those who died were two UAE nationals — the five-year-old boy and a 26-year-old man - and a 40-year-old Egyptian man.

# Rabin eyes history rather than the polls

By Robert Mahoney Reuter

ISRAELI PRIME Minister Yitzhak Rabin, having narrowly beaten a right-wing challenge to his deal with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), will forge ahead with his vision of Middle East peace, his eye on history rather than the popularity polls, offi-

cials say. Mr. Rabin pushed an agreement on widening Palestinian self-rule in the West Bank through parliament with just a two-vote majority early on Friday, after a 15-hour debate with thousands of protesters gathered outside.

That has given him a breathing space. Now he need not go back to parliament for endorsement of peace initiatives before the general election, due by November next year.

He could, if the agreement with the PLO runs smoothly, concentrate on reviving deadlocked talks with the last neighbouring Arab hold-outs, Syria and Lebanon.

"Rabin is not impressed by polls, he is not looking to the election but to the longer-term goal he has to accomplish," government spokesman Uri Dromi said. On the assumption that

all politicians are after power, Mr. Rabin's critics should disagree with this statesman like characterisation. But many do not. "Rabin will go on," said

political analyst Efraim Inbar of the Begin-Sadat Centre for Strategic Studies in Tel Aviv. "He is not considering things in electoral terms, he is interested in his place in history." Supporters believe this

strategy of not pandering to polls will get Mr. Rabin reelected. Opponents believe it will be his downfall. Mr. Rabin is a gruff former general, not a gladhanding populist politician

or backroom fixer. If he is to rally a divided Israel and recapture the five per cent swing vote vital to success, it will be through making the agreement with the PLO work on the ground rather than through political manoeuvring, Mr. Rabin's aides believe.

"Now it's up to the government to generate sup-port through implementing the agreement," Mr. Dromi

"Rabin doesn't have the centre. He is painted as having been won over by Peres," Mr. Dromi said, referring to dovish Foreign Minister Shimon Peres. Latest polls put Mr. Rabin neck-and-neck with

right-wing opposition Likud leader Benjamin Netanyahu at 42 per cent each. Mr. Netanyahu, aware that Mr. Rabin was elected in June 1992 on a security ticket, now accuses his

opponent of endangering Israel. Mr. Rabin, the man who once ordered soldiers to break the bones of Palestinians at the start of the intifada, counters by assur-ing Israelis that PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat is their

best hope of security.

He stressed during the parliamentary debate on the self-rule deal that he would not allow a Palestinian state or uproot strategic Jewish settlements in the West Bank or Gaza.

His opponents remain unconvinced. They accuse Mr. Rabin of abandoning consensus politics and ramming the PLO deal through. "Rabin has mishandled

the whole home front by estranging sections such as the religious people," Mr. Inbar said. "Not all the right-wing is against all parts of the peace deal, but Mr. Rabin does not know how to exploit this. Instead of dividing the opposition he has united them."

"Rabin has lost the centre and that's what counts in Israeli politics," Mr. Inbar added.

Can he win it back? Yes, say Mr. Rabin's aides and analysts like Mark Heller of Tel Aviv University's Jaffee Centre for Strategic Studies — if there is a period of calm in the run-up to the election.

#### Labour lost two to three seats to Likud because of a Palestinian fire-bomb attack on a bus three days before the 1988 election. "The risk from Rabin's point of view from now on is all downside," he added.

Mr. Rabin's officials, however, say that political fall-out from suicide bombings has lessened since the latest wave of attacks began in 1994. "More people accept that

there will be isolated acts of terror as we move to a permanent peace," one aide commented. He noted that Likud too was weak on this point since voters switched to Mr. Rabin precisely because Likud policies had failed to bring security.
"Right now the election

is too close to call," Mr. Heller said. "Rabin is vulnerable to terrorism... and the Achilles heel of the opposition is that they don't yet have a credible alternative to put to voters.'

## **JORDAN TELEVISION** Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME TWO ... The Flintstones 14:00 .. 14:30 .. . Joshua Jones ... Drivipy Master Detective ..... I Lave Lucy Tarazan 16:30 Tarazan 17:00 Children's Programme — Les Mondes Engloute Serie - Fruits Et Legumes ..... Minte Europa .... News Headlines Cinema, Cinema The Bold and the Beautiful

#### 00:30 .... Keeping Up Appearances PRAVED TIMES

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14:43	 'A
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## CHURCHES

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrusancta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. 623541. Anglican Church Tel. 652826 Armenian Catholic Church Tel. nian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751.
Amman International Church Tel. 65252h. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel:

gregation Tel. 684195 The Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel. 675691. The Evangelical Local Church in Tel. XI 1295

## WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

Moderate weather conditions are expected to prevail during the day but relatively cool at night with ands porthwesterly light to moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

Food Control Centre ...... 637111 Yesterday's high temperatures: 4 Amman 26, Aqaba 31, Humidity readings: Amman 34 per cent. Aqaba 43 per cent. Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

**NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN: Dr. Jum'a Abu Dhiab ..... Dr. Walid Al Masri ......

. 758848 . 675485 Dr. Yousef Rashed . 661912 Al Asema pharmacs 637055 Al Salam pharmacy 636730 611915 . 637660 Shmeixani pharmacy 623672 Najih pharmacy IRRID: Dr. Mohammad Al Khalib 273099 Alques pharmacy .....

ZARQA: Dr. Randa Shahin ............ 993710

Khalifeh pharmacy ...... 985417

# **EMERGENCIES**

**JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR** 

Highway Police
Traffic Police
Public Security Department . 896340 ... 630321 Hotel Complaints 665800 Price Complaints 661176 Water and Sewerage Complaints ..... . 897467 Amman Municipality
Complaints 787111 Amal Hospital ...... 607155 Telephone Information (directory assistance) ..... 010230

Water Authority ...... Jordan Electricity Authority 815615 

#### HOSPITALS AMMAN:

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn. 642441/2 Jabul Amman Muternity ..., 642362 Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani ... 636(40 Shmeisani Hospital ...... 669131 Al-Ahli, Ahdali ...... ... 664164/6 Italian, Al-Muhajreen ... 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/2h 

ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (199)983323 Zurqa National Hospital (09)900560 Al Urkma Modern Huspital (09)940941 The Arab Centre for Heart and Specia IRBID:

Princes Basma Hospital ..... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital ..... (02)247100 AOABA:

## FOR THE TRAVELLER

**QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (INSECTION) 5, where it should always be veri-ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ)

(Terminal 1)

04:30 Bangkok (RJ) 07:45 Aqaba (RJ) 08:30 Jeddah (RJ) 99:05 ...... Dhahran, Riyadh (R1) 09:18 ..... Abu Dhahi, Dubai (RJ) 99:35 . . ..... 89:50 ...... Doha, Bahrain (RJ) 15:55 ... 16:45 Amsterdam, New York (RJ) 17:00 ...... Paris (RJ) 17:50 ...... London (RI) 18:00 ...... Madrid. Geneva (RI) 18:15 ..... Athens (RJ) . Rome (RJ) 21:30 ..... Madrid (add) (RJ)

# Other Flights (Terminal 2)

15:15

.. Rome, Damascus (AZ) Cairo (MS)
Beirut, (ME) 21:20 ...... London, Beirut (BA) .....London (KJ) 01:20

Royal Jordanian (RJ) **Flights** (Terminal 1)

	Beirut (RJ)
98:30	Agaba, Frankfurt (RJ)
10:30	Madrid (add) (RI)
	Vienna, Munich (RJ)
11.00	Taris (add) (PO)
11:00	Vienna (RI)
11:10	Tunis, Casablanca (RJ)
11:15	Rome (RJ)
11:15 .	Munich (RJ)
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#### Other flights (Terminal 2) Being (ME) Sunaa (IY) Doha (GF) Moscow (SU) 20:25 .... ..... Amsterdam (KL) MARKET PRICES

# Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

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	Cabbage	700 : 150
	Carrox	THENEL
	Caulillower	Stro-Jan.
	Cucumbers (large)	200 / 100-
	Cucumbers (small)	300 / 200
	Eggplant	250 160
	Gurlic	7002500
••	Grapes	7(85518)
	Guava	ACKT/SCEI
	Lemon	76117181.
	Marrow (large)	Service Levi
	Marrow (small)	341 / 7.83
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	Spinach	2/41/7cm
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Muslim

Foundation Annual Con-

vention, currently being

held here, the statement

Sarvath reviewed the 14-

year relationship that the

Ambassador Foundation has had with the Young

Women's Muslim Associa-

tion (YWMA) and the asso-

ciation's programmes to

assist mentally handi-

capped children to lead pro-

The Princess recalled her

first meeting in 1982 with

the founder of the Ambas-

sador Foundation, Herbert

Armstrong, and his promise

at the time to send founda-

In the past 14 years, the

Princess said, the 74

Ambassador Foundation

volunteers have "more than

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cooperation with Ambassador Foundation



Her Royal Highness Princess Sarvath Al Hassan Saturday greets guests at a reception she hosted in honour of Vice President of the Ambassador Foundation Joseph Locke (left) and 145 participants to the foundation's annual convention which is convening in Amman (Photo by Boghos)

fulfilled that promise."

Princess Sarvath added that the foundation and its volunteers have made an invaluable contribution towards the building of the pre-vocational unit at the YWMA Centre for Special Education, a pioneer proiect which is considered a centre of excellence both nationally and regionally,

the statement said. The success of the Centre

for Special Education, the Princess said, also led to the establishment in 1987 of. the YWMA Sheltered Workshop, which has been declared International Labour Organisation as a model for the region. According to the statement, the Ambassador Foundation was established in 1975 by the

Worldwide Church of God

to promote international

understanding peoples, and at present has 21 volunteers in Jordan at the Amman Baccalaureate School, the YWMA Sheltered Workshop and the YWMA Centre for Special Education. The foundation conducts its activities in a way that transcends political, religious and ethnic complexities and has projects in over 20 countries

# National programme needed to define young people's priorities, says Princess Rahma

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Royal Highness Princess Rahma Bint Al Hassan Saturday opened a three-day workshop on promoting the role of youth in Jordan's development and underlined the need for a national programme to serve the young and help them deal with life's challenges.
"We have a serious duty

as people, a state and as organisations to work out a national programme that would define young people's priorities in offering public service, in fighting unemployment and in utilising the land as was first proposed by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent," said Princess Rahma

The proposed national programme, she said, aims at creating a bond between the young and their homeland by encouraging them to carry out productive work, creating for them balanced opportunities for their future, and catering to the needs of their country.

This workshop, she added, also aims at directing youth to become involved in social, health, economic and other fields because they represent the wealth of the nation and its future.

Issues of concern to the

Her Royal Highness Princess Rahma Bint Al Hassan Saturday addresses the opening session of a workshop on the role of youth in Jordan's development (Photo by Yousef

young, said Princess ety (JFPS) in cooperation Rahma, are also subjects of concern to other sectors of Jordanian society. These issues, she said, includes family planning, broken families, hereditary diseases and unemployment.

But the young, being a creative and strong asset to society, need to be helped in order to define their objectives and their roles in life, added the Princess. Organised by the Jordanian Family Planning Soci-

with the Youth Building the Future Club, the workshop is to discuss a range of topics tackling demographe issues and their relation to sustainable development, health matters and the young, as well as the role of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) in develop-

ing young people's skills. According to JFPS prominent member Buthainah Jardaneh, the society has worked out a strategy for itself until the

year 2001 covering activities such as seminars and lectures dealing with health issues, family planning services and others.

Because youth account for half the population in Jordan, the JFPS is directing special attention to them; its efforts are directed at enlisting various organisations' assistance to the young in order to enable them to play a pioneering role in the country's development.

# Princess Sarvath pays tribute to 14-year Arab, German surgeons to convene conference

AMMAN (Petra) - Surgeons from nine Arab countries and Germany will meet in Amman on Oct. 16 for a general conference on surgery organised by the Jordanian Surgical Society (JSS), the Pan-Arab Association of Surgeons and the Jordanian-German Medical

Society. At least 300 delegates from these countries will review 61 working papers dealing with various surgical specialisations and techniques in addition to sev eral working papers dealing with exchange of expertise in surgery among specialists from the Arab World, JSS President Wael Fatayer said Saturday.

After the opening session the delegates will hear a lecture on the impact of Arab medicine on European medicine in history delivered by Hassan Khreis, secretary general of the Arab Doctors Union, said Dr. Fatayer.

He said that on the sidelines of the meeting an

Arab local, and international firms will display the latest equipment used in surgery and other

hospital requirements.

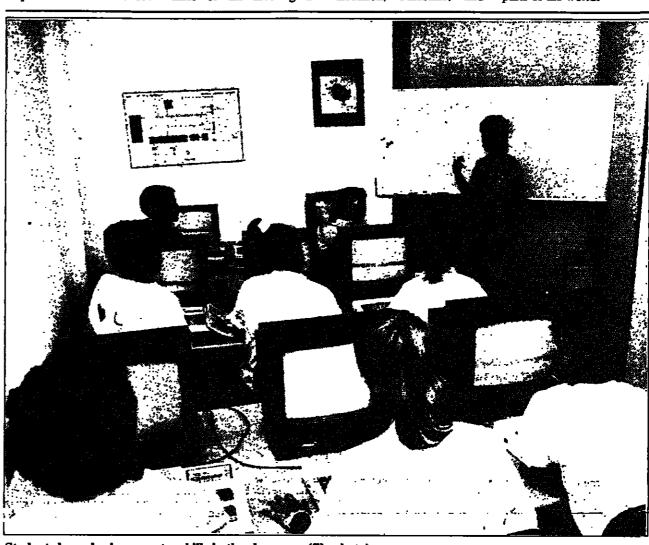
Also during the conference a workshop on surgery will be held at the Jordan University Hospital attended by the visiting delegations, Dr. Fatayer said. The Arab countries to be

represented at the conference are Egypt, Sudan, Yemen, Syria, Iraq, Lebanon, Palestine, and

Jordan, according to Dr. Fatayer who added that a special programme 'has been arranged for the visiting delegations to tour Jordan's archaeological and tourist sites.

He said that there are 160 Jordanian surgeons in the

The organisation was established in 1973 to help promote surgery techniques in the country and to enhance JSS's cooperation with organisations in other



Students learn basic computer skills in the classroom (file photo)

# Experts assess impact of 1987 conference on basic education

IRBID (Petra) — A five-day conference opened at Yarmouk University Saturday to assess the impact of the 1987 educational conference on basic education in Jordan.

Delegates representing Jordanian universities and the Ministry of Education taking part in the meetings will review research papers dealing with the development of the education process in general, basic education development,

obstacles to the educational development process and solutions to these problems, according to Shadia Tell, dean of the education faculty which is organising the This conference aims at

assessing the achievements of the 1987 National Educational Conference and on whether it has been successful in responding to the needs of the society. The meetings opened by Yarmouk Uni-

versity President Marwan Kamal who said the university took the initiative to conduct an assessment of the educational conference and the impact of its resolutions and recommendations on basic education in order to examine their relevance to and benefits for the country in the 21st century.

The first stage of the educational development process which began in 1987 in implementation of the conference's resolutions

focused on the infrastructure, school buildings and upgrading school syllabuses and promoting the qualifications and efficiency of teachers, Dr. Kamal said.

He said that the second stage, which started in 1993, focused on quality rather than quantity in education. and that the school is the basic unit for social as well as educational develop-

## **NEWS IN BRIEF**

# March planned for Environ-

Amman (Petra) — As part of its celebrations of the Arab Environment Day, which falls on Oct. 14, the Jordan Environment Society (JES) in cooperation with the Ministry of Water and Irrigation, the United

States Agency for International Cooperation (USAID) and the University of Jordan will organise a march on Friday, Oct. 13, under the theme "every drop of water counts." The march aims to sensitise people to the need for cutting down on the consumption of water and to conserve water

#### AMMAN (J.T.) — The landslide-prone Royal Jordanian Geographic Centre (RJGC) and the Ministry of Public Works

and Housing Saturday signed an agreement whereby the RJGC will survey roads and monitor

# throughout the year.

The first stretches of road to be monitored will be on the Amman-Jerash-Irbid Highway and the Amman-Naour-Dead Sea Road have witnessed

## 'Landslide-prone areas to be monitored year round' many landslides in recent years.

According to the latest studies, more landslides are expected in these areas. Landslides on these two

highways have interrupted traffic several times in past winters. Under the agreement, the

RJGC will set up surveillance posts to conduct periodic measurements at certain points on these roads starting Dec. I, and once every month starting May I each year.

RJGC Director General Salim Khalifeh, who signed the deal, said the centre will submit the required data to the Ministry of Pub-

## **SEMINAR**

Twenty Five Years after Jamal Abdul Nasser," (in Arabic) with the participation of Hussein Majali, Abdul Aziz Al'Ati, and Abdul Ghaffar Shukur at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation at 6.00pm.

## **EXHIBITIONS**

\*Arabic calligraphy by Ali 'Abbaı adına Art Gallery, Gardens Street. Arabic calligraphy by Ali 'Abbadi at Bal-

> A Retrospective Exhibition of Sculptures and Drawings (1965-1995) by Mona Saudi at Darat Al Funun, Jebel Weibdeh.

Sculptures by Iraqi artist Kazem Shamhoud at Orfali Art Gallery, Um

Painting and sculpture by Rafiq Lahham and Laith Al Turk at the Italian Language Centre Gallery, Shmeisani.

\*Abstract art by the Syrian artist Mohammad Daghestani at the Phoenix Gallery.

\* Selected works by the young and the established at The Gallery, Hotel Inter.Continental.

 Works by Lamia Abdel Sahib and Samer Ousama entitled "Aux Sources Orientales de la Fontaine," at the French Cultural

# Autopsy reveals woman committed suicide

Jamai in the head several

times with a brick, and

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — An autopsy on a 24-year-old woman found shot Thursday in her house near the Sports City revealed that the woman had committed suicide, according to confirmed

sources. One source said the victim, identified only as L.B., shot herself in the chest in the afternoon with her hus-

band's gun. There was no apparent motive for her suicide, the source said.

Police contacted by the Jordan Times Saturday refused to reveal any

Police arrest murder suspects in Karak

Karak police Thursday announced the arrest of two Egyptian nationals in connection with the murder of

a 22-year-old man, whose body was found on Monday hidden under a pile of vegetation in Al Sama' area in Ghor Safi, according to police reports.

The report said the victim, Jamal Abu Zeinab, also an Egyptian, was sleeping in the farm he worked in when he was attacked by K.H., 21, and M.A., 37.

It said both men struck

dragged his body about 100 metres to the site where it was found... According to the report,

the murder was motivated by feud over money mat-

Meanwhile, police said they were still investigating the murder of a 10-year-old child in Ghor Safi, whose body was found buried near a deserted house. Preliminary examinations indicated that Hassan Mohammad, who had been reported missing for five days, might have been sexually assaulted, confirmed sources said.

Murder trial continues

The Criminal Court Saturday heard the testimony. of more witnesses in the case of a 25-year-old woman accused of killing a man who allegedly sexually harassed her.

Hanan Adnan, is charged with shooting and killing Mousa Hussein on Sept. 1, 1995 in the backyard of her house in Ajloun, according to court papers.

She pleaded innocent to the charge of murder.

During the 20-minute session, the court heard the testimony Ahmad Hassan, a neighbour of the defendant, who said he heard four gunshots while he was sitting on the roof of his house.

"When I went to check the matter, I saw Hanan shaking and holding a pistol and she told me "I killed him so that my father will be proud of me." Mr. Hassan said.

The witness said Ms. Adnan told him, "He has been harrassing me for the past three years and wanted to ruin my reputation and commit adultery with me."

Presiding Judge Abdul Ruhman Tawfig set Oct. 22 as the new date to hear the autopsy report and the testimony of a forensic expert, as well as that of two other

# **Veltsin considers Chechenya** moves after bomb explosion

MOSCOW (R) — President Boris Yeltsin Saturday weighed up introducing a state of emergency in the Chechen capital after a bomb attack on Russia's top military commander in the region threw the fragile peace process into crisis.

Mr. Yeltsin's spokesman told ITAR-TASS news agency the president was examining the pros and cons of the government's call for a state of emergency in Grozny after Friday's attack which severely injured Lieutenant-General Anatoly Romanov.

"It is necessary to consider all the consequences which could follow declaring a state of emergency," spokesman Sergei Medvedev said. adding Mr. Yeltsin saw grounds for the proposal.

Gen. Romanov's condition improved slightly overnight and doctors decided to transfer him from the North Caucasus town of Vladikavkaz to

"General Romanov's condition remains serious but there have been positive signs of improvement," Vladikav-kaz Military Hospital director Rudolf An told Ekho Moskvy radio.

He said Gen. Romanov. 47, who suffered serious head, abdominal and leg injuries, had been breathing with the aid of a respirator but was now breathing independently. "The doctors took a decision to evacuate him to Moscow," Dr. An said.

Three servicemen died and 15 other people were injured when a bomb detonated by remote conrtrol blew up as Gen. Romanov's motorcade passed through an underpass in the centre of Grozny.

The attack - the second assassination attempt against top Moscow official in Chechenya in just over two weeks — threw the fragile Chechen peace process into

Tension is high in Chechenya where moves towards a settlement have stalled over both sides' refusal to compromise on political issues and to implement military agreements.

Interfax News Agency quoted Russian command in the region as saying two servicemen had died and 16 had been wounded in attacks on Moscow forces in the past 24

Four people died late Friday in what Interfax described as a bandit attack on a Grozny hostel for railway

A curfew is still in force in Grozny and it was not clear what extra measures a state of emergency would involve.

Thousands of people have been killed and many more have been made homeless since Moscow sent forces to Chechenya last December to crush the historically Muslim region's bid for independence launched by separatist leader Dzhokhar Dudayev in 1991.

Fighting subsided in June when peace talks began but there has been little progress in implementing key provisions of a military agreement which involved disarming the rebels and withdrawing most

Russian forces.

The rebels have also refused to accept Moscow's political demand that Chechenya remain part of

Mr. Yeltsin's spokesman Friday said Moscow would honour deals with the rebels "despite provocation and ter-

On Sept. 20 Mr. Yeltsin's envoy to Chechenya, Oleg Lobov, narrowly escaped death in a bomb attack in

Grozny. Chechen Chechen military com-mander Aslan Maskhadov, who often met Gen. Romanov to discuss implementation of the military deal, told a news conference in Grozny Saturday some in Chechenya and Russia wanted the conflict to continue, local journalists said.

"We denounce these cri-minal acts and call on all those who are interested in a peaceful solution of the conflict not to allow new military adventures," Mr. Maskhadov

## Florida residents threatened by floods

PANAMA CITY BEACH, Florida (AP) — Florida panhandle residents still cleaning up from the ravages of hurricane Opal awoke Friday to a new threat: Flooding

from storm-swollen rivers. The heavy rains Opal brought to Alabama and Georgia were causing rivers downstream in Florida: to swell, forcing evacuations late Thursday and early Friday along the Blackwater and Yellow rivers east of Pensacola. Both rivers empty into the Gulf of Mexico.

"We're downstream from everything. The rain that fell in Alabama and Georgia is now coming down towards us," said Jo Miglino, a spokeswoman for the State Emergency Operations Cen-

Floods were the latest damage from Opal, which killed at least 18 people in four states after slamming into the Florida panhandle Wednesday with winds up to 144 mph (230 kph). The hurricane caused an estimated \$1.8 billion in damage to insured property along the Gulf of Mexico, mostly from the 15-foot (4.5 metre) storm

Thousands of frustrated, angry and tired beachfront residents who had fled to Alabama and Georgia Wednesday began returning

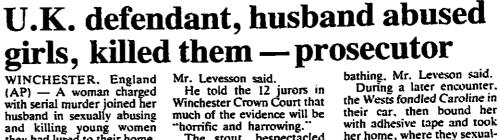
"We expected the worst when we left. It was nice to see something standing," said Jennifer Swift, 22, who returned to this devastated town before daylight to find her mother's four-bederoom beachfront home still standing but with extensive dam-

"I just want to get back and see if I have a home," Kathy Fisher said.

hundred other evacuees ate barbecued chicken and ribs, drank coffee and waited at a high school in Panama City, where scores of hotels, businesses and homes were destroyed or severely dam-

million people in Alabama, Florida, Georgia and North

downriver at Paradise Island, just north of Milton, were being told to evacuate Fri-Insurance industry officials said the initial damage estimates made Opal the third-



husband in sexually abusing and killing young women they had lured to their home. The stout, bespectacled Mrs. West, who was flanked Rosemary West, 41, whose by two uniformed women husband Frederick hanged constables, listened intently himself rather than face murfrom the dock. As Mr. Leveder charges, is charged with son described how police the murder of 10 young found the bodies, she wept.

An artist's impression of the scene inside

Winchester Crown Court as leading prosecu-tion counsel Brian Leveson (standing) opens

the multi-murder case against Rosemary West

(AP) - A woman charged

with serial murder joined her

women, including her daugh-

ter and step-daughter. She

Police digging at the Wests' home in Gloucester last year

unearthed the dismembered

skeletons of nine young

women, including Mrs. West's 16-year-old daughter.

Heather, and another youngster who was eight

months pregnant, prosecution attorney Brian Leveson

Eight of the bodies had

been decapitated, most were

missing some bones, and

were naked and gagged, he

said. All the victims were 21

over a period of many years.

especially between 1972 and

1979, girls staying at or visit-

ing 25 Cromwell St., or who

were enticed or simply

for sexual abuse, both by

West, in a most deprayed and

plain... lived. Those who

were believed to pose a

threat ... did not. For them

Other young women "who

came and went over the years

the option was death."

The crown alleges that

or younger.

Leveson said.

a prosecutor said.

denies the charges.

kerchief. The trial in Winchester, a quiet cathedral city 100 ilometres southwest of London, opened Tuesday and is expected to last up to eight

dabbing her eyes with a hand-

weeks. Mrs. West is charged with murdering young women be-tween 1972 and June 1987. the month her dark-haired daughter disappeared. She has also pleaded innocent to four counts of rape and indecent assault involving two girls aged eight and 14.

Mr. Leveson said Elizabeth Agius, a former neighbour of the Wests. would testify that the couple told her "how they would both go together looking for young girls who were hitchhiking, ...pick them up and get them to lodge with abducted, were taken there

The Wests told Mrs. Agius that it was easzier to lure a Rosemary and Frederick young girl into their car if Mrs. West was present and most appalling way. Mr. that they preferred girls who "Those whom the Wests were leaving home, because believed would not comthey usually had nowhere to live, he said.

Caroline Owens, who was picked up in 1972, aged 17. left after becoming uneasy when Mrs. West seemed "over-attentive to her," stroking her hair and entering

the Wests fondled Caroline in their car, then bound her with adhesive tape and took her home, where they sexuallay abused her, he said. Frederick West later threatened to kill her "and bury you under the paving stones of Gloucester.

who is sketched sitting in the dock with the

jury looking on (background right) (AFP photo)

She escaped and told police. The couple were fined in January 1973 after pleading guilty to charges of actual bodily harm and indecent assault,

On Feb. 24. 1994 police obtained a warrant to search the house at 25 Cromwell Street in Gloucester, where the Wests had lived since

Heather's skeleton was under the patio, Mr. Leveson said. Her skull had been hacked from the spine and the bones chopped into bits. Each of the bodies, said Mr. Leveson, "was dumped without decency or respect in a different hole some three feet below the ground in the garden, in the cellar, or

underneath a bathroom." Mrs. West's first victim is alleged to have been her eight-year-old stepdaughter. Charmaine, in 1972. Police found her remains at the Wests' former home in Gloucester.

Her 53-year-old husband, a builder, who had been charged with 12 murders, was found hanging in his prison cell on Jan. 1. He also was accused of killing his first wife. Catherine Costello, and a family nanny.

All the victims were British except Therese Siegenthaler, 21, a Swiss student who dis-

## Living New Zealanders make it onto stamp series

WELLINGTON (AFP) -For the first time in philatelic history here living New Zealanders have made it onto postage stamps. New Zealand post chief executive Elmar Toime has announced that for the first time pictures of living people other than the royal family would appear on the country's postage stamps. Among the six faces, four are still very much alive: opera diva Dame Kiri Te Kanawa, former cricketer Sir Richard Hadlee, novelist Barry Crump and retired heart surgeon Sir Brian Barratt-Boyes. Two other faces in the series belong to double Victoria Cross winner Charles Uphani who died this year and Maori leader Dame Whina Cooper who died two years ago. Absent is Everest conqueror Sir Edmund Hillary, but he has already bent the rules once by becoming the only living Kiwi to appear on currency - his rugged face graces the five-dollar bill. Until 30 years ago, no New Zealander had made it onto a stamp. About 20 have now appeared, but after their death.

#### It's official: Chemistry lectures are boring

VIIO

Vranit / K

LONDON (AFP) -- A scientist has come up with proof of something students have known for years: chemistry lectures are boring. In an article. published in the current issue of Chemistry In Britain, a university chemistry lecturer — introduced a guest lecturer to a class of 50 doctoral candidates. Then, he and colleagues studied variations in what he calls the HTFDR — "head-to-floor distance reduction." After about an hour, the average HTFDR dropped from 135 centimetres (62 inches) to 121 centimetres (55) inches), said the author of the study, who preferred to temam anonymous, the HTFDR immediately bounced back to normal when the speaker uttered the magic words, "and in conclusion...'

## Museum pays \$2.1 m to save painting for China

BEIJING (R) — China's

Palace Museum has paid a

record 18 million yuan (\$2.1 million) to save an 11th century painting for the nation, museum and auction officials said Friday. Pictures Of 10 Poems, the only surviving work by northern Song dynasty (960-1127) poet Zhang Xian, disappeared about 60 years ago after being in the collection of China's emperors for centuries, an official of the Hanhai Art Auction Corp said. The price was a record for a Chinese painting at auction. The work reappeared in June after vanishing into private hands a few years after the 1911 overthrow of China's last Emperor, Pu Yi, the official said. The first bid at Thursday's auction came from Yang Xin, vice-curator of the Palace Museum, based in the former home of China's emperors in Beijing, who raised his hand at the 6.6 million yuan (\$795,000) starting price. After 25 bids in two minutes, Yang bought the painting for 18 million yuan. We planned no top price," Yang told the Xinhua News Agency after the auction. "We decided to overcall any higher price of the other bidders." The museum was responding to a public outcry for the picture, painted in 1064, to be saved for the nation, officials said. The ink and colour handscroll, painted on silk, features Chinese gentlemen playing chess in a riverside pavilion. The auction catalogue said only Chinese museums, libraries or state organisations could buy it. Officials

declined to reveal the iden-

tity of the private seller.

#### scandal forces apartment move PARIS (AP) - French May, at about 3.52 to the mark and 5 to the dollar, up about 5 centimes.

Juppe denies he will resign, but

financial markets reeled and Premier Alain Juppe again denied resignation rumours. as he faced a corruption probe and polls indicating eroding faith he can fix the

But the conservative prime minister also said he and his family will move out of their city-owned apartments, the subject of a judicial investigation of allegations Mr. Juppe abused power to lower the

rent or pay for renovations.
"My children have or will move in the coming weeks and I will do the same to turn the page which, I repeat, is for me a deep wound," Mr. Juppe told France Culture

It was not clear what effect, if any, the move would have on the probe of his actions while assistant Paris mayor in charge of finances from 1989-1993.

The scandal comes as Mr. Juppe struggles to cut the budget deficit and fight 11.5 per cent unemployment. He faces a crippling strike Tuesday by more than 5 million public employees opposed to a pay freeze next year.

Unions representing Air France workers called on their members Friday to join the walkout.

As investors saw Mr. Juppe's troubles deepen, the French franc fell rapidly against the dollar and the German mark, and stocks on the bourse fell more than 2 per cent by Friday afternoon before recovering. The franc

Investors also worried that the group of seven meeting this weekend in Washington could alter the European Union's game plan for a single currency by 1999.

The financial turbulence prompted the Bank of France to take the extraordinary move Friday afternoon of indefinitely suspending its fiveto-10-day lending operations. The effect was to boost interest rates, bolstering the franc and pushing the bourse back up about .51 per cent for the day.

But market analysts saw the action as a quick fix that could not last without tougher action by the government to cut the deficit running at 322 billion francs (\$64

Mr. Juppe, whose popularity ratings have fallen from 60 per cent four months ago to the 30s this week, has been fighting off criticism both the left and right. His 1996 budget plan raises taxes and cuts spending to reduce the deficit to 290 billion francs (\$58 billion) next year.

Mr. Juppe's office Friday "most firmly" denied — for at least the third time persistent market rumours that the embattled head of government was resigning.

The premier, at a meeting of party leaders, said Friday evening that he would remain "at Jacques Chirac's side" as long as he had "the conviction I'm useful.... I will not let myself be deterred from

lence in Karachi," Mr. Edhi, who organised the peace rally, told Reuters.

ed them to us as they were

not in a position to bring

More than two dozen children

were brought to the

mausoleum in wheelchairs

and on stretchers to pray for

peace. White banners and flars were used to shade the

"We have come to pray for peace," nine-year-old Imran

More than 1,540 people

have been killed in political

and sectarian violence this

year, almost double the fi-

The government accuses

the ethnic MQM (Mohajir

Qawmi Movement), which

children from the sun.

them up."

Their poor mothers hand-

Newspapers reported Thursday that Juppe had the authority to sign documents for President Jacques Chirac. then mayor of Paris. which gave him power over housing

The conservative premier has been accused by a Paris taxpayers' association of cutting his son's rent on a city apartment and making the city pay 1 million francs (\$200,000) to renovation his

own apartment. Rent on Laurent Juppe's 88-square-metre (950-squarefoot) apartment in the fashionable Saint Germain Des Pres neighbourhood was cut from 7.000 francs (\$1,400) to 6,000 frames (\$1,200) — about 30 per. cent lower than market rates.

Mr. Juppe and Mr. Chirac previously were criticised for paying sub-market rent on their own apartments.

Meanwhile, the II-day trial ended Friday for a forminister and seven others charged with corruption for alleged kickbacks in exchange for a grenoble city water contract,

Alain Carignon, former Grenoble mayor and an environment and communications minister in two conservative governments in the late 1980s and early 90s, contended he was innocent of the

Mr. Carignon was forced to resign as communications minister in September last year after he was charged with passive corruption.

speaking people who mi-grated from India at the time

of partition in 1947, for most

of the violence in Karachi.

security agencies for the kill-

MQM-government talks stalled when the MQM

boycotted talks on Sept. 26 to

protest against, what it says, were extra-judicial killings

and torture of its supporters

by the security forces.

The MQM-government

talks have dragged on since July 11 without any apparent

breakthrough.
Meanwhile, unidentified

gunmen shot dead a police-

man near his residence in

north Karachi, raising this

year's police casualties to

163, police said. Police shot

dead a person in eastern

Korangi area. No further de-

The MQM blames the state

home Friday.

But many residents re-turned from inland shelters Thursday only to find that authorities had sealed off the hardest-hit areas to forestall looting, repair roads and assess damage.

Ms. Fisher and several

In Florida, 1,137 people spent Thursday night in shelters, down from 10,000 to 15,000 the night of the storm, Mr. Miglino said. About 4,500 National Guard members were posted in the panhandle to prevent looting.
The storm lost its punch as it blew through Alabama but still knocked out power to 2

Carolina. Many remained without power early Friday. A half dozen families who live along the Blackwater River, which enters the panhandle from Alabama, were evacuated Thursday night. Dozens of families

costliest U.S. hurricane in terms of insured losses.

#### have spoken of violent and degrading sexual activity," the bathroom while she was appeared in 1974. 70 die in Indonesian earthquake

PADANG, Indonesia (R) — A powerful earthquake struck Sumatra Saturday. toppling deadly landslids onto the villages of a remote mountain region.

Rescue workers have uncovered 70 bodies and "we feel there are more dead to be found," an army officer on the island told Reuters by telephone.

The Meteorology and Geophysics Office, revising an earlier measurement, said the quake was centred 16 kilometres west of Sungai Penuh, the capital of Kerinci district near Sumatra's west

It registered seven on the open-ended Richter Scale and hit at 1.09 a.m. (1809 GMT Friday).

A resident of Sungai Penuh quoted the local head of police as saying that 63 bodies had been found, many of them from nearby villages including 17 from Semurup 10 kilometres north of Sungai Penuh. Most of the casualties

appeared to have been in the villages of Lempur and Tanjung Rawang wedged be-tween some of the tallest mountains in western lndonesia.

Two hundred people were known to have been injured. Panic-stricken residents of Sungai Penum. 750 kilometres northwest of Jakarta, said they had fled

their homes after the quake shook the town, toppling hundreds of buildings.

houses, houses were just col-lapsing. Something like this has never happened in this area before," an elderly resident named Irawati told Reuters by telephone. "We spent the night on the

thing was a mess. I saw peo-

ple running out of their

streets," she said. Most had returned home by afternoon, but said they were still wary.

"I am still afraid. If anything moves I feel shocked and worry it's going to be another one." one woman.

The quake was felt as far as Singapore but oil fields and refineries on Sumatra reported no damage.

# Strike paralyses Bangladesh cities

DHAKA (R) — A general strike paralysed the Bangladesh capital Dhaka and four other major cities Saturday in the latest oppositionled stoppage intensifying efforts to oust Prime Minister Begum Khaleda Zia. Saturday is a working day

in Muslim Bangladesh, but all private and most government offices, schools and businesses were closed, witnesses said. Authorities deployed nearly 7,000 police and paramilit-

ary troops in the capital of nine million people, deprived of transport except for a few rickshaws seen on the streets. The 32-hour stoppage hit Dhaka, Chittagong, Khulna, Sylhet and Barisal, the coun-try's political and economic

nerve-centres. Rajshahi, the other major city in the north, was exempted from the strike stay home. after floods sent millions of people fleeing from their homes, opposition parties said. Witnesses said the sponsors needed little obvious

effort to enforce the strike, which heralded a new phase in a long-running antigovernment campaign. "The strike was observed automatically. People generally stayed home... except for senior government em-ployees who feared being fired if absented," one said.
"To many the stoppage
was an unscheduled holiday,

supported or opposed," one official told Reuters. Opposition leaders said Saturday's "total strike" once again demonstrated popular dislike of Mrs. Khaleda's government and demands for

no matter which party they

honest elections. Mrs. Khaleda has refused to step aside. The next general election is not due before: March 1996.

Police said no violence was reported from anywhere on the first day of the stoppage, although small groups of activists marched and chanted, telling people to

A few trains left the city stations but were stopped by pickets on the way but buses and trucks did not operate. Airline officials said most domestic flights would be cancelled and international flights delayed.

Chittagong, the main Bangladesh port, was closed but operations were normal in the port of Chalma, port officials said. The Dhaka Stock Exchange and the Foreign Exchange Markets were closed, traders said.

Opposition parties led by the Awami League of Sheikh Hasina have staged a series of general strikes since they resigned from parliament last December, including a 72-hour national stoppage in September.

Mrs. Hasina told reporters Friday she might call for a non-stop shutdown or siege of the prime minister's office if Mrs. Khaleda did not accept the opposition de-mands before or during a 96-hour strike due to begin on Oct. 16.

"She (Khaleda) has compelled us to take the rough course... and if necessary we will call for a non-stop agitation," Mrs. Hasina said.

The opposition wants Mrs. Khaleda, elected in 1991 in what were billed as Bangladesh's first free polls, to step down immediately and allow election supervised by a neutral caretaker administra-

They charge elections with Mrs. Khaleda in power could not be free and fair.

stood at its lowest point since Children march for peace in Karachi

KARACHI, Pakistan (R) — More than 400 children, many of them disabled or mentally retarded, marched for peace in Pakistan's violence-racked city of Karachi where two more people were killed Saturday, police said. Riding in ambulances and

vans, convoys of children passed through some of the worst hit areas of district central and east before assembling at the mausoleum of Pakistan's founder Mohammad Ali Jinnah. The children came from the orphanages of Pakistan's

the largest network of ambulances and shelter homes in the country.
"Some of the children in this march have lost their

MANILA (R) - Tens of

thousands of people were

warned Saturday that their homes will be buried when

heavy rains wash millions of

tonnes of volcanic : debris

down from the sides of the

Philippines' Mount Pinatubo

in the coming years.

More than 100 people died

in floods and mudflows when

tropical storm Sibyl swept

across Pampanga province northwest of Manila a week

Bacolor town has almost

vanished under mud and ash

carried down from deposits

formed by Pinatubo's big

Scientists and local officials

said other population centres

that will share its fate include

San Fernando, a city of

300,000 and the capital of

1991 erruption.

best known social worker,

Abdul Sattar Edhi, who runs

speaks for the social and ecofathers in the senseless vionomic rights of Urdu-Filipino mudflows to bury more towns

gure killed in 1994.

Pampanga province, and Minalin, a village of around 50,000 people.

Minalin is at risk, San
Fernando is at risk. That is the trend we are seeing," Raymundo Punongbayan, chief of the Philipine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology, told reporters after

an inspection of the area. People living in villages near Bacolor may have no choice but to leave or risk losing their lives, local offi-

"We are trying to assess what we have to do between now and the next rainy season," Tony Fernandez, chairman of the commission in charge of taking care of people made homeless by the mudflows, told reporters.

Some of those whose

homes have been buried have constructed tree houses and have refused to leave the area because they said government evacuation centres are already overcrowded.

tails were available.

"They said they will resettle us, but there is no place where they can place us," a homeless woman told stateowned television in Manila. Thousands of villagers living in low-lying towns north

of Manila were likewise

warned Saturday of foods as

torrential rains have filled up

dams in the area. . "The people there have been informed about the dan-ger of floods," George Sari-no, the provincial police commander of Bulacan province north of the Philippine capital told a Manila radio staLiving New landers make onto stamp series

CINCTON (AFP) ie first unie in philai. history here living Zealanders have it onto postage os New Zealand post executive Elman has announced that e first time pictures of people other than the family would appear g, country business n Among the six four are still very alive opera diva Kui le Kanawa, tor cricketer Sir Richard ie novelist Barry ap and tenred hear on Sir Brian Barian s. Two other taces in ries belong to double FIA CIOSS WINNER les Upham who ded car and Maon leader e Whina Cooper who two years ago. Absent verest conqueror Sir and Hillary, but he has dy bent the rules once

appeared, but after It's official: emistry lectures are boring

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30 years ago, no New

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SDON (AP) -- Usta has come up with at of something sus have known for 8 chemistry lectures bearing In an article fished in the corrent e of Chemistry Inand a university themlecturer introduced rest lecturer to a day 30 doctoral cardidates in the articl colleagues. Real Carrations in which calls the HHIPR added Book Shake iction." Micr. Natian to the invested HHDR sped from 128 cm aires (62 m. hes) to 15 (innertes (35) mates) the author of the ly, who preferred to

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ice After 25 bids iff the nutes. Yang bought the inting for 18 million arring for 18 minor
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anothen we have ane overcall any higher price the other biddets useum was responding to public outery for the file ic, painted in 1004, to be ved for the nation officers and als said the phe ink and the said dom handscroll, panied sitk, features doss in ndenen playing cless in ndemen playing 100 nverside paying and only setton catalogue said only setton catalogue museums oraties or state olganish oraties or state olganish clined to reveal the definition of the oration of the orati y of the private seller

OCTOBER 8. 193 \* World News



French soldiers stand guard as rebel Comorian soldiers Comorian rebels who joined the mercenaries in the Sept. 28 coup in the eastern African island. The soldiers are covered by an amnesty while the mercenaries left on their own after handing back their uniforms (AFP photo)

then their new democratic

most countries that would be

covered by the Italian initia-

These proposed partners

he said, are "diverse by tradi-

tions, cultural values, politic-

al systems, and traditionally

suspicious if not hostile to-

wards the Western world."

But with patience and wis-

"Prospects for an increased

security in the wider

Mediterranean theatre lie be-

tween a comprehensive coop-

erative approach on one hand

and a politically strong and

militarily effective European

and trans-Atlantic alliance on

Italian officials said the

ministers received the prop-

osal favourably but it appeared not to have been a

major topic. Walter Slo-combe. U.S. undersecretary

of defence for policy, said he

mentioned it only "for the sake of completeness" in brief-

ing reporters on the discus-

The government has been

struggling to agree on a plan to trim the deficit and put the

country on track for mem-

bership in the European Un-

ion's proposed economic and

The government aims to

cut the 1996 budget deficit to

92.8 billion schillings (\$9 bil-

lion) from a projected 102.3 billion (\$10 billion) in 1995.

Recent figures showed the

deficit to be nearly 50 billion

(\$5 billion) over target. The

OEVP opposes tax increases

while the SPOE favours high-

with "accounting tricks."

monetary union.

er taxes.

Saturday.

the other," he said.

dom the differences could be

overcome, Gen. Corcione

# leave the Moroni Airport where they where kept overnight after having surrendered along with French mercenary leader Bob Denard and his men. French troops released 450 Italy revives old idea of broader **NATO links around Mediterranean**

WILLIAMSBURG, Virginia (AP) — Italy is using distributed his speech, NATO's Partnership for Peace in Central Europe to revive an old idea of bringing the countries of the Mediterranean's eastern and southern coasts closer to their richer European cousins.

The last Italian Mediterranean initiative, without the NATO umbrella. was in 1990 as Western forces massed in Saudi Arabia to repel Iraqi

army from Kuwait. Middle Eastern politics killed it then. Some Arabs were livid that Italy excluded Iraqi president Saddam Hussein from a meeting on the Gulf crisis. Others would have boycotted had he been there.

In proposing his "part-nership for the Mediterranean." Gen. Domenico Corcione. Italy's defence minister, stated the obvious: "I am aware that such an initiative is easier to be thought and said than implemented."

Gen. Corcione outlined his idea to his North Atlantic. Treaty Organisation (NATO) colleagues at meet-ings ending Friday in this restored capital of 18thcentury Virginia. The ministers discussed the Corcione proposal in a private session Vranitzky tries to avert government fall

VIENNA (R) — Chancellor

Franz Vranitzky said Satur-day he would do everything

in his power to prevent his

coalition from falling because

of a budget battle that has

plunged Austria into one of

Mr. Vranitzky said he saw

its worst crises since 1945.

no reason for the government

to dissolve over the budget

fight and called on his junior

coalition partners, the con-

servative People's Party

(OEVP), to return to the

conference he had talked to

Vice Chancellor Wolfgang Schuessel of the OEVP on

the telephone earlier Satur-

day. There could be further

negotiations with the OEVP.

Mr. Vranitzky's Social

Democrats (SPOÉ) and the

OEVP, which have shared

Mr. Vranitzky told a news

negotiating table.

possibly Sunday.

Thursday, but the Italians

The key difference in his proposal and the two-yearold Partnership for Peace is that none of the Middle Eastern and North African countries would enter expecting to become regular NATO members. NATO has said Poland. Hungary and other Central European partnership countries could be elevated to membership as soon as they meet Western requirements.

Several countries that would qualify for the Mediterranean extension already are in the European model, including Slovenia. Albania and Malta.

As envisioned by Gen. Corcions, the Mediterranean partnership would emphasise security and military cooperation, omitting the political aspect of the European

"An initiative of this kind." promoted by a collective security organisation such as NATO, would... have a highsymbolic value: The Mediterranean Sea as a bridge rather than a barrier, the Italian defence minister said.

He conceded deep differ-

to a split that would prompt

early elections after last-ditch

talks to agree on cuts in the

country's huge budget deficit

tion to fall apart and I will

undertake every effort to

keep this government in

office," Mr. Vranitzky said.

until we reach a deal. Early

elections would not be in the

urged the two sides to resume

negotiations and warned that

the vast majority of Austrian

voters were opposed to new

elections three years ahead of

differences the two sides will

succeed to produce a budget

plan on time, "Mr. Klestil

said, "I will continue my

efforts to help facilitate an

"I expect that despite their

President Thomas Klestil

We want to continue talking

We do not want the coali-

broke down Friday.

nation's interest.'

schedule.

agreement.

## Shuttle launch ences between the former postponed Soviet Bloc countries of Central Europe, eager to strengand free-market systems, and

again CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida (AP) - A last-minute computer failure forced NASA to cancel Saturday's launch of the U.S. space shuttle Columbia. the fourth

delay in just over a week.

One of two computers needed to process critical commands for Columbia's solid-fuel rocket boosters and fuel tank would not work. Launch officials held the countdown at the 20-minute

mark while hurriedly putting together a repair plan. But nothing worked, and engineers recommended the

mission be put off. "We did our best today." NASA test director John Guidi told the seven astronauts inside the fuelled Columbia. "We sure hope to see you back pretty soon to give it another try.

The flight was not immediately rescheduled. Launch director James Harrington said he expected a delay of at least two days possibily longer. Friday's launch attempt

was spoiled by a sluggish hydraulic system, apparently the result of worker error. A fuel leak and hurricane Opal caused earlier delays. The failed computer - cal-

led a master events controller is needed to process commands for igniting the two boosters at liftoff. It also controls senaration of the spent boosters two minutes into the flight and the fuel tank six minutes after that. NASA had feared rain

might delay the scheduled 9:41 a.m. (1314 GMT) liftoff. In fact, the weather turned out perfect, but there were other last-minute problems: Birds at the launch pad and nitrogen fluctuations in an orbital manoeuvering system.

Mr. Schuessel said the talks had failed Friday night. NASA had to sound a siren He said that the OEVP could several times to scare away not accept a budget filled the birds. Launch officials were taking no chances: "I am the last one who Woodpeckers damaged the wants new elections," Mr. external fuel tank of Discov-Schuessel said in a speech ery earlier this year, forcing a long, costly delay for that shuttle's mission.

"There's probably some disappointment out there because these things don't reflect the care and the preparation that have gone into getting the vehicle ready to " said shuttle operations director Bob Sieck. "But that all gets erased whenever you finally get off the ground."

Once the 16-day mission begins, the astronauts will grow protein and semiconductor crystals, study fluids, set controlled fires and tend to potato plants. More than \$100 million worth of experiments are aboard Columbia.

It was to be the first flight in more than a year for Columbia, the U.S. space agency's oldest shuttle. The spaceship was sidelined for routine maintenance.

The countdown for launch attempt No. 3 was halted just hours before liftoff Friday when pressure dropped in the hydraulic line that operates Columbia's nose-wheel steering. The line was found to be a gallon (about 4 litres) low and family values. on hydraulic fluid.

Workers apparently left\_a valve open while repairing a dangerous hydrogen fuel leak last weekend, allowing hydraulic fluid to drain out. The valve was on ground equip-

ment hooked to Columbia. Mr. Sieck said the workers had followed standard repair procedures but that the rules were meant for shuttle in the horizontal position.

# **Captive Comoros coup leader** Denard returns to France

PARIS (R) - Veteran French mercenary Bob Denard, whose coup attempt in the Comoro Islands was crushed by French troops, was flown home Saturday to

face justice. Escorted by French gen-darmes, he landed at Villacoublay Air Base outside Paris at dawn aboard an air force C-160 transport plane and was immediately taken to the law courts, military

sources said. Judicial sources said he would face investigating Magistrate Chantal Perdrix and be jailed at Paris La

Sante Prison. Judge Perdrix had issued an international arrest warrant for the 66-year-old sol-dier of fortune after his latest bid for power in the former French colony he once ruled

as a fiefdom. Mr. Denard was taken to Mayotte, a French island in the Comoros group, shortly after he surrendered to a 1,000-strong French force Thursday after a week-long coup. Later he was flown on to Reunion in the Indian

Ocean. The French troops have started returning home. French Defence Ministry sources said the pull-out would last until the middle of next week and up to 100 soldiers would stay behind "to help the Comoros gov-ernment restore its defence

capacity. Prime Minister Caabi Elvachroutu, who took over while unpopular President Said Mohammad Djohar was being held by the rebels, was staying on as interim presi-

Mr. Djohar, taken to the French Indian Ocean island of La Reunion "as a guest of France" to rest after his week-long ordeal, said Saturday he felt he had been deported and wanted to go

The international arrest warrant naming Mr. Denard charges he violated terms of a five-year suspended jail term that barred him from leaving France.

Mr. Denard also faces trial, at the request of the Comoros government, over the murder in 1989 of President Ahmad Abdallah, whose presidential guard he

commanded. The latest coup was the third time Mr. Denard had overthrown the Comoros government in 20 years. The ve-year-sentence against him was for a 1977 invasion of the West African state of

Benin. French Foreign Ministry spokesman Jacques Rum-melhardt said Friday that the 30,000 other white mercenaries who followed Mr. Denard in the coup had been handed over to the Comoran gen-

darmes. They were being questioned to establish their identities and individual responsibilities in the coup. What would happen to them was not clear, but French diplomatic sources said one

Mr. Denard had been the uncrowned king of the Comoros Islands for 12 years until he fled to South Africa in 1989 after a bloodless French intervention. In his first Comoran coup, Mr. Denard overthrew President Ali Soilih in May, 1978.

Mr. Denard, who has Comoran nationality, a Comoran wife and is a convert to Islam, began his career as a mercenary in 1961 after working in France as a demonstrator of kitchen ap-

pliances. Meanwhile, Comoros President Said Mohammad Djohar, taken to the French Reunion Island to rest after a failed coup, said Saturday he felt he had been deported

and wanted to go home.
Mr. Djohar, who was held
captive by Mr. Denard in Moroni for a week until French forces crushed the coup bid, said he had not wanted to go to the French

Indian Ocean island. "I did not want to come to La Reunion, but I had no choice," he told Reuters in

am in exile or if I have been deported," he said. "I want to go home as soon as possi-

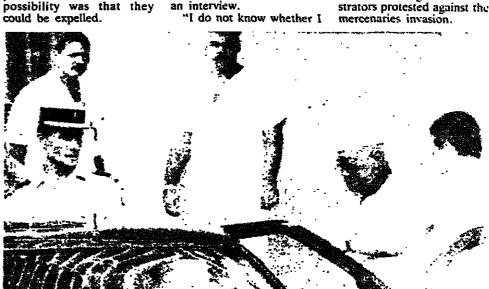
Mr. Djohar, who looked perfectly healthy, left hospital Friday and was taken to a

spa in the centre of the is-The French Foreign Minis-try has said Mr. Djohar was resting from his ordeal as "3 guest of French authorities' and would not say how long

he would remain on La Prime Minister Caabi Elyachroutu, who took refuge at the French embassy during the coup and formed a government of national unity in Mr. Diohar's absence, remained in power as interim

president. Mr. Djohar's statement that he had not wanted to be flown out of the Comoros appeared to back speculation that France was backing Mr. Elyachroutu against the un-

popular president. His overthrow was greeted with popular rejoicing in Moroni, although the demon-



Comorian President Said Mohammad Djohar (2nd right) leaves the Bellepierre Hospital at

Ocean, after a check-up following a week's

captivity in the hands of putschists on the

# NATO chief pressured after corruption report

Saint Denis, the French territory in the Indian Comoros (AFP photo)

BRUSSELS (R) — The future of Willy Claes as top man at NATO was in doubt Saturday after a Belgian court said it would recommend he be charged with corruption.

"The bell tolls for Willy Claes," said the headline in Saturday's La Libre Belgique, one of Belgium's main French-language newspap-

"If he is really concerned about NATO's image... he resigns voluntarily now. wrote one columnist in De Gazet Van Antwerpen, a Dutch-language daily.

"Claes should step down." wrote Het Laatste Nieuws. Is there someone who can make him understand this? Mr. Claes, on a trip to the United States, denied any wrongdoing following reports that Belgium's highest Constitutional Court would recommend to parliament next week that he face charges

relating to a bribery scandal. He said he saw no reason to resign as secretary general of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO). I am totally innocent. I

have never done anything wrong." Mr. Claes told a news conference following two-day meeting of NATO defence ministers in Williamsburg, Virginia.

Belgium's top court, the Cour De Cassation, is to recommend to parliament next week that it lift Mr. Claes's immunity, gained when he was a minister, and charge him with corruption and fraud, according to leaks reported widely in Belgium's

Former Defence Minister in a similar case.

investigations into alleged payments of kickbacks to by Italian helicopter firm Agusta which was seeking to win a contract in 1988. Mr. Claes was economics minister at the time. He later

became foreign minister, be-

fore being appointed to NATO last year. Four Belgian ministers have resigned since January 1994 as a result of the investigation into the Agusta affair. The Italian firm has

denied paying kickbacks. Mr. Claes's tenure at NATO has been dogged by the accusations since the scandal broke some eight months, although he received

the key backing of U.S. President Bill Clinton early on. They slipped into the back-

ground at NATO, although not in Belgian politics, as the alliance beefed up its role in former Yugoslavia, conducting a massive bombing campaign to shift Bosnia Serb forces from around Sarajevo.

The Belgian ex-minister stepped into the spotlight at NATO as the military campaign heated up, not always to the satisfaction of NATO

He infuriated members of the U.S. Congress last week by refusing to attend the autumn meeting of the North Atlantic Assembly, the alliance's parliamentary arm. in Turin. Italy on Monday. He later changed his mind

members and military offi-

On Saturday Mr. Claes was to attend a meeting of the Atlantic Treaty Association in Toronto, Canada.

and will now attend.

The Belgian court's report will be handed to a special parliamentary commission Monday. The panel is expected to decide on procedure Tuesday.

Any vote on charges against Mr. Claes would come later.

# Pope holds mass on New York race track

NEW YORK (AP) -Pope John Paul II took his American pilgrimage to a huge racetrack in New York City Friday, declaring that affluent, hightech society must not lose sight of its poor and ignore traditional family values.

Speaking from an altar flanked by the Aqueduct Racetrack's tote boards, the Pope warned a cheering crowd of 75,000 people not to shut out "the mystery of God."

Despite America's reputation of power and wealth, he said, "not everyone here is powerful. Not everyone here is rich.

"In fact," Pope John Paul said, "America's sometimes extravagant affluence often conceals much hardship and pover-

Having often decried the corruption of modern society in general, the Pope said the "magnificent scientific and technological civilisation of which America is proud" must not ignore religion

"Society must strongly reaffirm the right of the child to grow up in a family in which, as far as possible, both parents are present," he said.

The helicopter carrying the Pontiff from Manhattan landed on the infield of the track in the Borough of Queens.

where thousands had been waiting for hours. One 62-year-old woman entering the racetrack just before sunrise suffered a fatal heart attack.

wind and sun." he added. his white robes flapping in

The Pope spoke in English and Spanish and said a few words in his native Polish. Thousands listened in-

tently, many carrying their own special pravers. "I lost my father a

braving hours of driving rain during mass in a football stadium. The Pope, on a five-day visit to the United States. invoked poet Emma

cial services. "I cannot describe how

exuberant and exhilarated I feel at this moment." 68-vear-old Ada Tronolone said after the mass at Giants Stadium in East Rutherford, New Jersey. "Seeing John Paul II was





a personal experience in a crowd of more than 80,000. He makes you feel like he's talking just to

America's tradition of civil rights. He criticised current trends opposing immigration and aid to the poor.

"Is present-day Amer-

ica becoming less sensitive, less caring toward the poor, the weak, the stranger, the needy? It must not," the Pope said. "If America were to turn on itself, would this not be the beginning of the end of what consti-

tutes the very essence of

the American experi-Earlier Thursday, the Pope urged the United Nations to be an authentic

force for peace. The Pope's address to the 185-nation organisation during its 50th anniversary was the cen-tral point of his fourth pilgrimage to the United

He sketched the dramatic changes since he last addressed the assembly in 1979 - the fall of communism and cuts in nuclear arsenals.

Today's world, he said. faces grave dangers stemming from a "narrow and exclusive nationalism," which triggered "a true nightmare of violence and terror." most recently during ethnic upheavals in

## power since 1980, came close Alliance to oppose Kashmir elections SRINAGAR, India (R) - A

group of more than 30 political separatist groups in Kashmir, the all party Hurriyat (Freedom) Conference, will oppose any plans for elections in Jammu and Kashmir state, acting President Syed Ali Shah Gilani said Satur-

day.
"Elections will not bring any solutions," Mr. Gilani told reporters. "Hurrivat will educate the people that elections will not help us." he said. "We will

that the Indian government may announce." Indian government officials have been meeting leaders of state and national political parties to explore ways to hold elections in the trou-

not participate in any election

bled north Indian state. Dozens of militant groups are fighting Delhi's rule of Jammu and Kashmir, largely-Hindu India's only Muslim

majority state. Police and hospitals say more than 20,000 people have been killed since the rebellion erupted in January

present the state is

under federal rule, the tenure

Αt

of which expires in January next year. "We want the right to selfdetermination based on the United Nations resolution," Mr. Gilani said. "We will like

to have tripartite talks between India. Pakistan and the legitimate representatives of the people of Jammu and Kashmir (Hurriyat)." Mr\_

Gilani said. Meanwhile, Indian officials said Saturday they had not heard from the kidnappers of four Western tourists in Kashmir for 18 days but they remained optimistic about

finding a peaceful solution. There is no news on the hostages," a spokesman for the Jammu and Kashmir government told reporters. Indian negotiators last

spoke to the abductors, guerrillas of the Al Faran group, on Sept. 19. "We are hopeful (that the hostages would be set free)."

the spokesman said. American Donald Hutchings. German Dirk Hasert and Britons Keith Mangan and Paul Wells began their fourth month in captivity this week in the Himalayan region, where they were abducted while trekking.

Al Faran has demanded

the release of several jailed

militants in return for the

hostages. India has ruled out

a direct swap, but said some militants might be freed as part of a routine administrative review. The kidnappers were believed to be moving from

place to place in the Hima-

layan region with the hostages. The spokesman could not say if there was a possibility of the hostasges being released as winter approaches in the region. Kashmir faces a treacherous winter with temperatures

dropping below freezing A police official said Friday the heatih of the hostages was deteriorating because of extremely cold, unhygienic conditions, a restricted diet

and psychological pressure. Dozens of militant groups are fighting Delhi's rule of Jammu and Kashmir. Authorities have ruled out

raid to rescue the tourists. fearing that this could threaten the hostages. One, Norwegian Hans Christian Ostroe, was found beheaded on Aug. 13. But with the help of locals, including shepherds, they

have been able to keep close

track of the kidnappers and the hostages. The police official said the militants were holding the captives in the village of Afti in the southern part of the state, at an altitude of about

4,000 metres (13,000 feet). Last week authorities said Al Faran had sought medical aid for the hostages. They added at least one captive was believed to be suffering from snow blindness.

Guy Coeme also faced corruption and forgery charges The accusations centre on

Belgian Socialist politicians

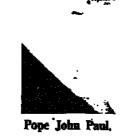
After a day of rain, the sun broke through.
"Good morning." Pope
John Paul said. Yesterday evening, very strong rain. Today, very strong

the strong gusts.

month ago and I wanted to come here and pray for him," said Kate Gayron. The faithful wept and cheered Thursday night.

Lazarus' plea for America to embrace its huddled masses. He also condemned abortion, euthanasia, limits on immigration and severe cutbacks in so-





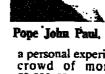
VOU. At the stadium, some

praise God, even in the rain," the Pope told the crowd of 82,498, the largest ever at Giants Sta-

pressed their hands to their hearts or cried in Spanish "Viva el Papa" as the Pontiff circled the stadium in his Popemobile. "I see that the people of New Jersey know how to

shippers to continue





The Pontiff urged wor-

Rwanda and Bosma. "Nationalism, particularly in its most radical esis of true patriotism."

forms, is thus the antith-

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Editorial and advertising offices:

Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 684311, 699634 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 696183

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

## Humanitarianism calling

THERE IS an ongoing Review Conference in Vienna on the 1980 U.N. Weapons Convention that prohibited or restricted certain conventional arms which are excessively injurious or have indiscriminate effect. The conference is targeting land-mines and blinding laser guns after its group of experts has made specific recommendations on these two types of weapons by, first, calling for additional safeguards and restrictions on the deployment of booby-traps and antipersonnel mines and, second, recommending a total ban on the use or manufacture of

blinding laser arsenals.

But before even examining the merits or shortcomings of the recommendations put before the Review Conference, we need to address the lack of Arab support for the 1980 convention. Among the 50 states which have become parties to the "old" treaty, only one Arab country is a state party, namely Tunis. We of course are proud of Tunis' membership in this select club but cannot be proud of the record of the rest of the Arab World on this issue. What adds insult to iniury to this dismal Arab record on international humanitarian law is the fact that Israel has opted to ratify the 1980 treaty in March of this year at a time when there is no sign that Arab states are even contemplating any such ratification. This is happening despite the fact that Islam has one of the most progressive-and human principles on war-

It would seem odd that the Arab states would choose to shun the 1980 convention at a time when Islam and Arab culture stand out as most humanitarian when it comes to engaging in warfare. This is not to suggest that ratifying treaties on humanitarian law is an end in itself. Many countries which are party to such treaties are also among the most notorious violators of the law. The best evidence of this is the reluctance of the current conference in Vienna to adopt effective amendments to the 1980 convention that would make the deployment of land-mines

even more restrictive.

Fortunately, though, the group of experts which laid the groundwork for the conference did recommend a total ban on the manufacture or use of laser weapons which may blind combatants. Israel is the only known Middle Eastern country which has a military programme to develop laser weaponry. If Israel, which is a state party to the 1980 convention, votes against this recommendation it would be proof that its belated ratification is only a gimmick or public relations gesture at best. Meanwhile we can only remind the Arab World that it lags way behind in adherence to the norms of humanitarian law and the best way to remedy this situation is to ratify the 1980 convention and support the strongest possible amendments to it.

## ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

REFLECTING ON the newly signed Taba agreement between the Palestine National Authority (PNA) and Israel, Al Dustour Arabic daily said the deal had reflected positively on the PNA and enhanced its credibility. The Taba deal, said the paper, is a cause for satisfaction and a source of optimism because it secured the gradual release of Palestinian prisoners, the redeployment of Israeli forces and their withdrawal from Arab towns; and it also paved

he way for holding the long-delayed Palestinian elections. :t peace seekers will remain anxious and concerned over e situation until Israel implemented all the provisions of ne agreement and honoured the pledges it made before the world. What causes concern at present is the large number of Israeli knesset members who voted against the deal and the Israeli president's announcement Friday that not all Palestinian women prisoners would be set free. Unless Israel carries out all the provisions of the Taba deal, the optimism created at the signing ceremony in Washing-

ton will start to wane away, the paper concluded.

COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily criticised what he called a d in Royal Jordanian (RJ) to employ foreign hostesses east 50 per cent of the stewardesses employed on board nnes are non-Jordanian, something that violates the .ry of Labour rules on the employment of nonordanians, Nazih said. Royal Jordanian, which reaches ifferent parts of the world, ought to be Jordan's ambassa-

dor, reflecting the country's image and embodying the national procedure and hospitality of Jordan, said the writer. T is no justification for closing the door before Jordanian: wishing to serve on board RJ planes, especially 's increasing numbers of them wish to join the airline's staff ... wish to get training for this occupation, continued the

# Intellectual property rights and you!

By Dr. Yusuf Mansur

THE FIRST Arab International Conference on Property Rights which convened in Amman between September 27-30th, 1995, ended with many participants in a state of apprehension about the future of Arab trade.

Speculation and misinformation about the impact of intellectual property rights recognition has already surfaced in the media to confound an already confused public. However; this conference which was based on the Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) agreement, an important element in the construct of the World Trade Organisation (WTO) protocol, needs to be the concern of everyone in Jordan. The WTO, the successor of GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade). counts many Arab countries, such as Egypt, among its 106 members. Many others, like Jordan, are planning to join it in

Of all the different agreements of WTO/GATT. none will have an effect as strong or as immediate on the Jordanian economy as that of the WTO agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS). This agreement will strongly impact all aspects of life in Jordan because presently intellectual property rights are not recognised. neither at the institutional level nor at the individual level. In light of the recent conference and the justifiable increase in public interest over this specific agreement, the following outlines the main elements of the agreement and the impact they will

the near future.

have on Jordan. TRIPS recognises that the standards and practices protecting intellectual property rights differ greatly from country to country. It also recognises the costly infringements of copyrights tolerated

in developing countries. Cognisant of these factors. TRIPS provides uniform protection of: The respect of the basic principles of GATT 1991; the provision of internationally recognised standards and measures that are necessary for the protection of intellectual property on a global basis; the provision of the necessary means to prointellectual property rights through dispute settlement mechanisms, negotiations and commitments by member nations; and the provision of transitional arrangements necessary for a country's full application to

this agreement. The following are the main elements of TŘIPS:

1) To fulfill the requirements of this agreement, no member need offer more protection for intellectual property than is required by this agreement. However, member nations are free to extend more protection to intellectual property than

specified here. 2) Members recognise the substantive obligations of the main international conventions on intellectual property rights - namely the Paris Convention 1967, the Berne Convention 1971, the Rome Convention 1961 and the Washington Convention

3) Each nation belonging to WTO (member nation) will treat the intellectual property rights of citizens of other member nations at least the same as it treats the intellectual property rights of its own citizens. This is the famous National-Treatment Article of GATT 1994.

4) Any advantage that a member nation extends to citizens of another member nation must normally be extended to the citizens of all other members; i.e. no discrimination among members in the respect of intellectual property. This article is basically the Most-Favoured-Nation (MFN) Article of GATT 1994.

5) Copyrights: The way ideas are presented or packaged and the procedures used in presenting the information is pro-

Jordanian university professors and authors in general will benefit financially from this article in terms of seeing their works protected and thus receiving more royalties from their intellectual endeavours. Also, this protection will encourage creativity and originality and the specialisation of researchers. One obstacle to specialisation has been the dearth of the financial rewards which has forced many of our scholars to pander their services in a plethora of streams, thereby squandering those precious abilities obtained in specialised training. On the other hand, consumers will no longer have the freedom to photocopy entire texts, publishers will have to pay rova ties on copies of original works, and all acts of intellectual thieving will have to cease. Thus, difficult, exceptional and original work will be rewarded at last. As a direct result of this agreement, quality will improve in all our sectors especially the secondary (manufacturing) and tertiary (services) sectors which utilise intellectual property more than the primary sector (agriculture and

- Protection of computer

programmes: The arrangement of information in a certain way (the packaging of information) is protected. Note that the information itself is not protected. This applies to all software and indicates that the law can prosecute the user of pirated copies of copy-right pro-tected software. This prob-Iem is primary to developing countries and affects to a lesser extent the developed 'countries. In Jordan, the demise of stores that legally sell pirated software becomes imminent with the signing of the WTO. Furthermore, corporations that have used pirated softwares will have to buy originals or chance being persecuted by the law. And while it is true, as has been pointed in the Arabic press. that this would increase the cost of production, it will also improve the quality of the output itself as people receive the proper training and support from the distributor of the original software and clear original manuals which. to any of us who have tried to learn a software on their

own, is a true time saver.

rule because pirated copies are cheap and the cost of duplication barely exceeds the cost of the bare tape. However, as the cost of the tape rises, the revenue and profit of the store will be determined by the number of times the tape is rented in the shortest period of time.

Movie theatres will see their business boom as pirated copies dwindle away and the theatre again becomes the first place you go to see new releases and not the video store, as is the case in Jordan. Definite quality improve-

ment, possible cost increase to the store and the consumer, and increased revenue from customs duties to the government will result from

- Actors are protected from reproduction, unauthorised recording, or unauthorised broadcast of live performances for 50 years. Our actors, who have resorted to performing in plays that are not reproducible without their explicit permission, will finally start to reap the benefits of their hard labour. Our cinema industry and that of other Arab countries will gain for its members the respect they deserve and financial rewards that are long overdue.

- Producers of sound recordings have the right to

## Consumers will possibly pay higher prices but as their incomes rise, this may be amply compensated

- Rental rights: Movies and computer programmes can be rented with the permission of the owner. Copying is prohibited unless with explicit permission or license from the owner. Video stores will need to change their rental policies because they will have to obtain the consent of the video tape owners in order to rent their tapes. The rental fees need not increase: however, judging from past trends they probably will. Video stores should contact the large video companies early to eliminate the cost of middleman commissions. Additionally, stores should from which late return fines and loss or damage of tapes are applied. In the U.S., consumers are made to pay a daily fine for not returning tapes on time. No store in Jordan has to yet enforce this

prevent the reproduction of recordings for 50 years. Singers will benefit from this article, while merchants that sell pirated tapes will be forced to go under or to become truly legitimate by selling originals. The same argument as in the case of the video tapes applies here. - Broadcast stations have

a 20-year protection from un-

authorised reproduction of live performances. As stations become privatised their live recordings will become a valuable source of income. 6) Trademarks: Any sign or mark or group of marks used to indicate a product or a service is protected for to be re-registered for another period of seven years. However, if a person

registers a trademark and

does not use it for three

years, the trademark is for-feited.

7) Geographical indications are marks or signs which are put on the commodity to indicate the region or country of origin. Members must provide the

means to prevent misleading consumers as to the origin of the goods through false geographical indications. High levels of protection are offered for wines and spirits. Generic products are not protected generally and any country that is using an exception for their protection must be willing to negotiate its removal. The practice of cheating consumers by telling them that a product is Italian when it was made in Amman will be punishable by law.

Good! 8) Industrial designs that are original or new are protected for a period of 10 years. Any duplication or inclusion of these designs in any product is prohibited for this period without explicit

permission from the owner. 9) Patents of new inventions whether products or processes that can be applied industrially and contain new ideas or development are protected for 20 years. Exclusions apply to inventions that are used for the diagnosis. treatment or surgery of humans or animals and inventions that offend public morals. Developing countries which at present have no product patent protection in a technical area are given 10 years to introduce such pro-

tection. 10) Layout designs of integrated circuits are protected for a minimum period of 10 years. This right extends to any article which incorporates infringing layout designs. The designer may postpone their registration for 15 years if the government does not require registration of the

design.
11) Protection of trade secrets and know-how. The government must not disclose any information relating to intellectual property which has commercial value. Test data submitted regarding the safety or marketing of products to the government is also protected under this agreement. Secrets about products can no longer be disclosed by civil servants. One can sue the establishment which authorised such disclosure and the employee will end up in jail. Welcome

12) Anti-competitive practices in contractual licenses: Members have the right to take measures in this area to limit monopoly practices in the provision of intellectual property rights. Although

copyrights give monopoly power to their owners, the accumulation of patents and their usage for the sole purpose of hurting competition is considered anti-competitive. The word is still out on this in the economic profession. However, awareness of its significance by the government and the business sector will prove to be a long-run

bonanza to all. 13) Member governments are to provide procedures in their domestic law to effectively enforce intellectual property rights.

14) Transition arrange-

- Developed countries have one year to bring their legislation and practices into conformity with this agree-

 Developing countries. such as Jordan, and transitional economies have five years to bring their legislation and practices into conformity with this agreement. - Least developed coun-

tries have 11 years to bring their legislation and practices into conformity with this

15) A council for Trade Related Aspects of intellectual Property Rights monitors the compliance of governments with the agreement and the application of it.

As with all of the WTO agreements, producers will benefit and their incomes will rise. Consumers will possibly pay higher prices but as their incomes rise, this may be amply compensated. Quality and creativity in Jordan will improve as the rewards increase. Those of us involved in research will further focus their efforts and specialisation, that main ingredient for growth. Hi-tech foreign investors will see in Jordan a safer investment environment than before, and with their entry we will see 2 stronger long-run economy. Furthermore, our moral fiber will improve and become enhanced as we step away from stealing what is not rightfully ours and move toward making our own industrial destiny. The argument for the theft of intellectual property is immoral and fallacious be-.cause it suggests anarchy and . lawlessness and is based on bad economics. Those who condone such theft are possibly using the following argument: The price of the originincome that it is imperative we steal it. I, in turn ask: Doesn't this logic apply to anything? Doesn't this logic permit one to steal his neighbour's car, simply because he cannot afford it?

# Political divorce, economic marriage; next steps in Middle East peace

By Leonard Hausman and Robert Lawrence

ISRAEL AND the PLO largely have effected a political divorce. This follows Jordan's abandonment in 1988 of its claim to the West Bank. With the recent agreement with the PLO, Israel has taken a giant towards completely renouncing its claim to the West Bank, acknowledging thereby an expanded - and increasingly irreversible - experiment in Palestinian nation-building.

In the words of Shimon Peres. Israel's foreign minister, political divorce should be accompanied by economic marriage. As the Triad (Israel, Jordan, and the emerging Palestine) engaged over a period of years in political divorce, they now should unite in economic marriage - through a "customs union." Free trade should be achieved among the Triad through a comprehensive approach. Thus far, however, the trade measures have been piecemeal and inadequate.

Much needs to be done. The effort to create a Palestinian state can succeed only if the agricultural and manufactured products of the emerging entity have access to its neighbouring markets, both in Israel and in other Arab states. This is particularly the case, since Palestinian workers who earned almost a fourth of their national income in Israel, have now been restricted from working there. Since 1967, the Arab boycott of Israel has meant a boycott of Palestinian products. These barriers must also now be eliminated.

In 1994 Israel and the PLO signed an accord which moved in the right direction. It provided for virtually immediate free trade between the two parties, except in agriculture, where free trade is phased in over four years. The accord also established extensive Palestinian economic sovereignty, such as the power to tax and operate capital markets.

The problem with the 1994 agreement is that its implementation has been hampered severely by Israel's concern with security, arising from terrorism, a serious problem on which Israeli farm interests took a ride. Until now, the combination of security concerns and the farm lobby has presented a formidable obstacle to effective free trade - and, thus, Palestinian economic development. In their most recent agreement, Israel and the PLO seem committed to finding new ways to have trucks carry Palestinian produce and manufactured goods across the line between the West Bank and Israel without there being any bombs aboard.

A trade agreement between Jordan and Israel is pending. Rather than implementing free trade it will contain a few areas of preference but for the most part simply require each party to treat the other no worse than it treats its other trading partners. It is a giant historical leap for Israel and Jordan to grant each other such most favoured nation treatment, but by making only token preferential concessions to each other they are losing a golden opportunity to make a more meaningful commitment to achieving free trade. Jordan and the PLO have also given each other token preferences, but the agreement too has faced implementation problems because of opposition to

free trade with Palestine from

interest groups.

Instead of proceeding with these separate bilateral agreements between each other, the Triad should join in a single agreement to bring free trade to the Middle East.

· Here is how it ought to be done: Over a five-year period, all trade barriers between the West Bank and Gaza should be eliminated; all barriers to Jordanian goods entering Israel should be removed; and Jordan should grant Israel concessionary tariffs on selected goods. By 2010, all barriers on Israeli exports to Jordan should be lifted, and Jordan's external tariffs should be harmonised with those of Israel and the Palestinian entity. At the same time, the Triad should enter into arrangements with other nations, particularly in the West, willing to make similar commitments to free trade. As the emerging Palestine, Israel, and Jordan succeed in their economic marriage, they should bring in the relatives; those in Egypt, Lebanon, and Syria. Such an accord would benefit everyone. Until today, industry in the West Bank and Gaza has functioned under extremely adverse conditions. Liberated of the constraints of occupation, and addressing security concerns constructively, industry only

Jordan's highest priorities are to reduce both its foreign trade deficit and its unemployment. The answer lies in boosting exports which, in turn, can be achieved today only if Jordan increases its share of the market in both the West Bank and Gaza and in Israel, Jordan traditionally has a controlled economy and continues to have high trade barriers. Since Jordan's adjustment problems are con-

can improve in a climate of free

siderably greater than those of its neighbours, it should be allowed a longer transition period before completely liberalising its trade with Israel.

The direct benefits to Israel's economy from free trade with its neighbours would be smaller both in absolute and relative terms. But the more dynamic economic and political benefits could be considerable. A free trade agreement would also create pressures for further reform in Israel's agricultural sector and adjustment in the inefficient component of its labour intensive manufacturing sector.

Free trade would benefit the region as a whole. So far, none of the Triad economies have been particularly successful in attracting foreign investment. But the prospect of a sizeable, thriving region with open trade and diverse skill base could help create a new emerging marketplace that would bring much-needed foreign capital and investment to all of the partners.

A free trade accord thus would benefit all nations, reinforcing their leaders' commitment to peace — but most importantly, it would benefit the people themselves. They ultimately will decide whether burying their antagonisms has paid off, not only in ending war, but also in bringing prosperity for them and their children.

Leonard J. Hausman is the director of the Institute for Social and Economic Policy in the Middle East at Harvard University's John F. Kennedy School of Government Robert Z. Lawrence is the Albert L. Williams' Professor of International Trade Investment at the John F. Kennedy School of

## **LETTERS**

## Why reject humane deal?

To the Editor:

DURING THE past few days, there have been a number of press reports suggesting that Iraq, after more than five years of sanctions imposed by the U.N. as a result of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait, might decide to accept resolution 986 of the Security Council permitting it to sell limited quantities of oil totalling \$2 billion every six months for humanitarian purposes to ease the suffering of the Iraqi people that had reached to an extent that threaten

As we know, resolution 986 was a modification to previous resolutions 706 and 712 that had allowed Iraq to export oil worth \$1.6 billion every six months.

The latest reports including statements by the Iraqi foreign and health ministers, as reported by the Jordan Times Oct. 5, indicate that Iraq is again in no mood to accept the said resolution on the grounds that it compromised Iraq's sovereignty. Even if we accept that, hasn't the Iraqi leadership since the Gulf war in early 1991 been accepting all kinds of resolutions that could well be considered as severely infringing on its sovereignty?

With simple calculations, we can estimate that the total amount of money that could have been generated by Iraq since the U.N. first adopted resolution 706 in 1991 and accounting for all the deductions to the U.N. Compensation Fund and other expenses of U.N. agencies in Iraq, would have been no less than \$10 billion. That certainly would have enabled any government to provide the necessary funds for food, medicine and other humanitarian needs that the Iraqis badly need.

No one can accept the logic behind the adamant position of the Iraqi government in pursuing such a policy that causes more hardship and suffering to its people. Iraqi leaders have repeatedly admitted that sanctions had

no bearing whatsoever on the ruling family and the close elite circles surrounding it. The damage is being concentrated upon the Iraqi people with heavy toll on the structure of the Iraqi society.

> Hassan Audeh, Amman.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.

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Hassan Audeh.

Amman.

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# Peacemakers build bridges between Palestinians, Israelis

ricades. The plan to with-

draw Israeli troops from

Palestinian towns and cities

in the West Bank was too

far-reaching for some — and

far too little for others.

Doomsayers warned it would lead to the destruction

of the Jewish state, or to the

permanent denial of Pales-

tinian rights. The peacemak-

ers plodded forward. "Start-

ing today," Mr. Rabin

declared, his voice slow and

determined, "an agreement

on paper will be translated

ever be more than a piece of

paper? As the next phase

gets going — a six-month

period of Israeli withdrawal

followed by Paléstinian

elections — the two peoples

will be rubbing up against

each other as never before.

The West Bank will be

divided into three zones:

One controlled by Israel,

another by the Palestinians

and a third by security forces

of both sides. Bombers and

rioters will grab headlines.

Quiet efforts to bridge gaps

probably won't. If the slow-

ly unfolding process is to

succeed, however, the idea

of "translating the agree-ment into reality" will have

to attract a wider following.

A look at four pairs of

peacemakers reveals the

promise — and the pitfalls

Hands across the table

that lies ahead.

into reality on the ground." But can Mideast peace

By Jeffrey Bartholet was Jamil Tarifi, a Palestinian lawyer who owns a West PEOPLE WHO make Bank construction firm. peace in the Middle East are During months of all-night called a lot of things. "Traitalks in cramped hotel tor" and "dupe" are among rooms, the two men became the mildest. And as PLO friends. "Something happened," says Shahor, and not leader Yasser Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister just progress in negotiations. "It's something you can't touch, something that belongs to the spirit." he Yitzhak Rabin signed a landmark agreement at the White House last week, their opponents were manning the bar-

One high point was Tarifi's 45th birthday on Aug. 15. At the time, the two sides were wrangling over which powers the Palestinians would get in the West Bank, Shahor beckoned Tarifi to his room to sign some documents, but Tarifi found instead a cake and birthday revelers from both delegations. "It was a very human thing," says Tar-ifi, "very (much) appreciat-

Of course, the negotiations themselves were not often pleasant. "We had to put our nerves in the freezer," Tarifi recalls. "Some of the Israelis, you hate them because they deal with you as if they are still the occupier." But Tarifi came to admire Shahor - even if he didn't agree with him. "He has to defend his people's interests," Tarifi says. "Even if he insists on his view, you respect him in the end, because he does it in a respectful way," Shahor, who once was wounded by Palestinian guerrillas, came to empathise with his former enemies, too. "I'm not naive," he says. "I know that a pessimist is an optimist with some experience. But I believe in this peace." Was it hard to change his outlook? "Sometimes it's easier for a soldier to change," he says, "because you've been on the battlefield and know the smell of blood."

## Fathers and sons

handful of Egyptians, car-

rying their luggage, made the

five-kilometre journey to

Libya on foot, a witness at

Egyptian officials. speak-

ing on condition of anonym-

ity, suggested that the Libyan

government had orchestrated

the protest to keep attention

more than 1.000 Palestinians

are living in 130 green milit-

At the border, between

100 and 200 youths lay down

across the road after Mr.

Musa crossed on his way back

to Egypt after midnight.

They hoisted a Palestinian

flag and claimed the no man's

land was Palestinian since

neither country would grant

them entry. The men blocked

hundreds of cars from cros-

The young men carried no

travel documents and said

their families were still living

in Tripoli. Palestinians on the

border have suggested in re-

cent days that Libya had sent

young Palestinians to hold\_

youths burned tyres at the

On Friday. Palestinian

demonstrations.

the border resumed.

ary tents.

the border said.

Maj. Gen. Oren Shahor is a Yehuda Wachsman and war veteran, a former intelligence officer and most Sheikh Yasin Hamed Badr recently, a top Israeli peace addidn't smell, the blood of negotiator. His counterpart their sons; but they felt the across the negotiating table unloss as deeply as any soldier.



Sheikh Abdo and Rabbi Milgrom

A year ago. Badr's son Abdul Karim was part of an armed squad from the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas) that kidnapped Wachsman's son, Nachshon, a 19-year-old corporal in the Israeli Army. The Hamas gunmen threatened to kill Nachshon if their demands for the release of Palestinian prisoners weren't met. Israeli soldiers stormed the hideout where Nachshon was held, but didn't reach him in time. Nachshon was killed, and so were his captors. Last month, at the invitation of a Palestinian journalist working for an Israeli newspaper, the two fathers met. "We shared sympathy for each other," says the sheik, who condemned his son's actions prior to the meeting. "I didn't expect him to be so nice, so gentle, so kind."

But why meet at all? Wachsman wanted to enlist Badr's support for a campaign to apply the death penalty to convicted killers, whether Palestinian or

Israeli. (The two men agreed, on both Islamic and Jewish grounds, that murderers should face the gal-Wachsman also lows.) sought Badr's backing to establish a centre in Jerusalem to promote religious tolerance. Badr liked the idea, but added that he was only the owner of a kiosk that sells cigarettes and sweets in Jerusalem's Old City. Wachsman reminded Badr that the Prophet Mohammad was a merchant, and that Abraham was a simple shepherd. "Plain men can change the world," Wachsman says. Good intentions aside, the

fathers is already tainted by suspicion. After the kidnapkilling of Nachshon, Israeli security forces sealed the doors of Badr's apartment, forbidding him from using it — a common form of punishment for the families of terrorists. Badr wants Wachsman to persuade the government to reopen his apartment. "If he thinks he is

relationship between the two



**Badr and Wachsman** 

going to gain something personally because he met me, he is wrong," says Wachs-man. He says his aims are "much, much broader."

#### Songs of Peace

Zehava Ben and Samir Joubran do more than talk: They make wonderful music together. She's a Jewish-Israeli singer whose family has roots in Morocco; he's an Arab Israeli from Nazareth who plays the oud, a stringed instrument that predates the lute. The two hope to perform a concert together in Gaza, where Ben has many Palestinian fans, to celebrate the latest peace agreement. "I'm not afraid," says the singer, 26. "The Palestinian police are involved, and so is the

Mossad. Ben's Gaza show will be in Arabic, including songs by the legendary Egyptian singer Om Kalthoum.
Joubran, a 23-year-old Christian, has been helping her to improve her accent,

and to master the quarter tones that are essential to Middle Eastern music. After several rehearsals, Joubran was pleased: "She started to really feel what she was singing — not to pretend to feel, but to really, feel." Does politics ever intrude on their relationship? "When you meet someone who is talented, you can forget anything," says Joubran. "The most important thing in our relationship is music."

As an Israeli Arab, Joubran knows first-hand the difficulties of peacemaking. When she applied in 1991 to study at a prestigious college for music in Cairo, he was turned down — because he holds an Israeli passport. (Nearly two decades after Egypt and Israel made peace, Egyptian intellectuals still boycott the Jewish state). One of Egypt's prominent conductors interceded on Joubran's behalf, and also arranged for him to perform at Cairo's opera house. But when Joubran suggested that the maestro

visit Israel, his response was hostile. The conductor is a Palestinian refugee from the 1948 war. "He said, 'Do you think I'm going to ask the Jewish people for a visa to visit my own home?" Joubran recalls.

In Gaza, rumours about the Zehava Ben concert sent eager Palestinian fans scrambling to find tickets. She can shake the ground you stand on," says 19-year-old Hamada Shorab, who once saw her sing while working as a cleaner in Tel Aviv. "She has a beautiful voice, better than some Arab singers." But the show still may not come off. Officials of the Palestinian Authority complain that Palestinian musicians from the West Bank don't have free access to Gaza due to rigid Israeli security measures, and that Gaza itself is like a prison, its borders tightly controlled by Israel. Why, they ask, should an Israeli musicians get a special welcome? Joubran hopes the obstacles can be overcome. Arabs "should not look at Zehava as a Jew," he says, "Hear her voice, her music. She sings lovely music. Let's not see everything as political."

#### Rabbi and Sheik

Most of the violence against the PLO-Israeli peace pact comes from zealots, Muslim and Jewish. But can religious figures also be a force for reconciliation? Sheik Rajai Abdo and Rabbi Jeremy Milgrom think so. The two men met this year at one of many "interfaith" meetings that take place in Israel. Joined by a Palestinian priest, they later travelled to Sweden to address community groups on the peace process. On what do the rabbi and the sheik agree? "The oneness of the Almighty," says Abdo. He adds: "I've felt a very humanistic side to the Jewish people. Both peoples bave experienced similar tragedy and shared the same

countries. Sephardim tend to be more right-wing than their counterparts from Europe, yet many still speak Arabic, eat Arab-style food and listen to Middle Eastern strains of music. "He who speaks Arabic is an Arab," he says. Yet Abdo, who spent 24 years in the United States, is a marginal personality among Palestinians. (Some Islamic figures have objected to his views and opposed his contacts with Israelis, but

experience of diaspora."

Abdo feels a particular

affinity for Sephardic Jews,

who came to Israel from

there's been "nothing threatening," he says). And Milgrom, who grew up in California, concedes freely that he's considered naive and foolish by many fellow Israelis. Can such a dialogue really make a difference? "I don't want to seem presumptuous," says Milgrom, "but maybe we're ahead of our time." Rabin himself predicts that it will take 10 to 30 years

before peace between the two peoples becomes a reality. Progress, if it comes at all, will be measured in small increments. In Gaza, a popular Hamas band called the Martyrs opposes the Zehava Ben concert. "It's like a Jew coming to kill me with an Arab knife," says Nabil Al-Khatib, the band leader. But even Khatib recognises that times are changing. Whereas most of the Martyrs' music used to glorify attacks on Israelis, now such songs are only a small part of their repertoire. "It's peaceful in Gaza," he says. "I can't stand on the stage and sing only about stabbing the soldiers or killing the Israelis." That may not seem like much, but it counts for progress in a country where Arabs and Israelis alike have mostly pounded the drums of war.

Newsweek

## Libya may reverse expulsions

(Continued from page 1) through the blockade. A

Cairo, while respecting the air embargo imposed on Libya in 1992, has mediated for Libya with the United States and Britain, which accuse Tripoli of harbouring two suspects of the 1988 bombing of a Pan Am flight over Lockerbie, Scotland, in which 270 died.

Egypt has also been a main passage of supplies to its embargoed neighbour since the flight ban was imposed on Tripoli.

Mr. Musa said Col. Qadhafi responded positively based on "Libya's Arab responsibility and the joint Arab role in preserving (the status quo) in the various aspects of the Palestinian question until matters become clearer about

its future.' Their talks focused "on a number of topics, including the Palestinian question, the Lockerbie crisis, and other matters of concern to Arab countries concerning Libya's Nosition on these questions."

Unnamed Palestinian sources told the Egyptian government daily Al Ahram Al Masai that Mr. Musa's visit to Libya "represented a breakthrough in the positions," and praised Egypt's role in addressing the crisis. At the Egyptian post Salloum, hundreds of vehicles were lined up waiting to cross into Libya after the trapped Palestinians completely blocked passage from either

direction the night before, a border official said. He said some 200 Palestinians set up tyres and iron barriers on the road leading to the borders late Friday then slept on the road. Fistfights broke out when gyptians crossing the border

Libya. meanwhile, advanced its border 300 metres into the 500-metre no man's land, putting the refugee camp on its side of the border, said Panos Moumtzis, a representative of the U.N. High Commissioner for Re-

fugees in Cairo.
. Egyptian border officials refrained from protesting because they did not want, responsibility for the camp, he tried to force their way

## Bosnia truce could be delayed

power peace plan for Bosnia. The editorials stressed that peace negotiations would be difficult but political sources said the press comment underlined Mr. Milosevic's commitment to ending the war and lifting the burden of U.N. sanctions from Yugoslavia.

on the Palestinians' plight. The ceasefire takes effect The protest broke up Saturprovided that Serbs have resday evening and traffic across tored Sarajevo's gas and electricity supplies which they The Palestinians then recontrol. turned to the camp, where

Bosnian Prime Minister Haris Silajdzic said in Warsaw that a pipeline exporting Russian gas to Sarajevo across Bosnian Serb territory would be reopened on Sunday and that technical delays in restoring electricity would not hold up the ceasefire.

He told reporters that Bosnia-Herzegovina alone needs \$12 billion in aid to rebuild after the war and Serbia should set no aid until it meets stringent conditions. Last minute fighting for

territory in northwest, northern and central Bosnia continued between government and Bosnian Serb forces in the runup to the ceasefire. Bosnian media said gov-

ernment forces had captured 50 square kilometres of the Mount Izren area of northern Bosnia and were advancing on the Serb-held town of Doboj.

Capture of Doboj would threaten the Serbs' grip on the corridor they hold across northern Bosnia and imperil the security of the Serb stronghold of Banja Luka. West of Banja Luka, gov-

ernment forces have stemmed Serb offensives attempting to retake the towns of Bosanska Krufa and Kljuce

'Ain on Monday.

which the government 5th corps captured last month. U.N. peacekeepers said they were alarmed by some 400 Croatian army reinforcements deployed in the Bihac area where they will be able to bolster the Bosnian fifth

Corps.
"We hope this won't do anything to jeopardise the potential ceasefire," spokesman Jim Landale said in Sarajevo.

But the United States said Croatian President Franjo Tudiman had promised his troops would also cease fire in Bosnia on Oct. 10.

NATO defence ministers met in the United States on plans to deploy an international force to replace U.N. peacekeepers.

The United States would contribute up to 25,000 men to the NATO-led operation once the factions agreed on a settlement and president Bill-Clinton said on Friday that Washington was under an obligation to send troops despite congressional reluct-

They could be based in the northern town of Tuzla, administration officials said

on Friday. NATO officials are giving various estimates ranging from 40,000 to 70,000, of the total number of troops required to monitor the dividing line, making it the largest ground operation every conducted by the alliance.

U.N. peacekeepers will stay in Bosnia for the moment to oversee implementation of the ceasefire. Spokesman Alexander Ivanko said the U.N. would set up a "management regime" to deal with and contain viola-

# Somalis get on with life while warlords manoeuvre for power

By Terry Leonard The Associated Press

NAIROBI - Three men claim to be Somalia's president, and there still is no government. The warlords are warring again. Bandits roam the roads. Hunger has crept back into the shattered capital.

Somalia today is much like the United States and the United Nations found it almost three years ago when they halted a devastating famine, then tried unsuccessfully to stitch it

back into a nation. Pretty much the same, but not quite.

To a surprising degree, Somalia sort of works. Farmers are growing crops. Nomads are tending expanding herds and flocks.

The northern ports at Bosasso and Berbera are booming, exporting sheep, goats, camels and cowhide across the Red Sea to the Arabian Peninsula and bringing back consumer goods that find their way into shops and kiosks throughout the elbowshaped country in startling quantities.

True, the capital, Mogadishu, lies smashed and still divided between the country's principal warlords. Its airport has been closed since March, when the last U.N. peacekeepers left. Its seaport operates only sporadically. Water has stopped running, and the only electricity comes from gener-

With the U.N. mission went thousands of jobs it paid for. So while food is available in Mogadishu's markets, many people can no longer afford to buy it. Malnutrition is rising and some deaths have been reported among the weakest and most vulnerable, children and the elderly.

But Mogadishu is not Somalia, and Somalia — as a society, if not a nation is functioning, bound together in part by entrepreneurs and traders who

buy and sell freely across clan and ideological lines that otherwise divide the

G. M. Mutiso, a Kenyan scholar and consultant who has spent the last six months in Somalia on an internationally financed project to train local administrative councils, sees hope for the future springing up from the grass roots.

There is an amazing amount of cooperation and trade between various districts." Mr. Mutiso said. "The people are sick and tired of war and the warlords. They realise that the civil strife that led to the famine of 1992 brought them nothing but misery.

That disillusionment has led, in part, to a weakening of the power base of General Mohammad Farah Aideed, the warlord who once defied and confounded American military might and now is one of the three pretenders to Somalia's non-existent presidency. U.N. and aid officials

who work in Somalia sav that the rise of Osman Atto, once Gen. Aideed's biggest financier, is the most obvious sign the balance of power has changed and that a settlement finally could be on the horizon.

In the last few months Mr. Atto has ousted Gen. Aideed as chairman of the Somalia National Alliance, cut into the warlord's power base in their mutual Habre-Gedir subclan and opened talks with Aideed's chief rival, Ali Mahdi Mohammad, another selfproclaimed president.

Until the dramatic rise of Mr. Atto, Gen. Aideed was seen as the man holding the key to any political settlement in Somalia, largely because of his skill as a military organiser and the strength of his militia. But Mr. Atto is working

hard with other faction leaders to marginalise Gen. Aideed, the man they see as the biggest obstacle to peace and reconciliation. Mr. Atto's rise has cut deeply into Gen. Aideed's

"Aideed used to have all of south MOgadishu. Now it is divided with Atto,' said a senior U.N. official who spoke on condition of anonymity because he works in Somalia.
works in Somalia.

Still, U.N. officials say Gen. Aideed cannot be dismissed. He has his own finances and his militia has stockpiled weapons.

"His support is the subclan militiamen who are willing to die for his words," said Hassan Hussein, a Somali political consultant who often works with the United Nations. The military option

appears to be among the most attractive of the dwindling choices left to Gen. Aideed as he manoeuvres to gain power, Gen. Aideed's militia

fought fierce skirmishes with Mr. Ali Mahdi's forces in Mogadishu in late August. In early September. Gen. Aideed urged his supporters to eliminate his opponents militarily and politically.

Mr. Atto and Mr. Ali Mahdi condemned his call as an appeal for a return to civil war. But Gen. Aideed defied them and, in a sudden strike Sept. 17, sent a force of 600 men to seize Baidoa, a city of 300,000 people about 40 kilometres northwest of Mogadishu. against light opposition.

In the process. Gen. Aideed's men detained 20 foreign aid workers and an Australian journalist and held them for six days. Diplomats and U.N. officials in neighbouring Kenya saw the detention as an attempt by Gen. Aideed to get the attention, if not the recognition, of foreign governments.

Military success could secure power for Gen. Aideed, but U.N. officials say a war would be an

extremely risky gamble.
"Both Ali Mahdi and Gen. Aideed still have reasonable stocks of weapons reserved for a final battle." said Femi Badejo. the senior political officer in the U.N. political office for

Somalia. Mr. Atto also has formed his own militia, buying the loyalty of teenage gunmen for whom there is no other

Gen. Aideed and Mr. Ali Mahdi went to full-scale war over Mogadishu in November 1991, 10 months after the fall of dictator Mohammad Siad Barre. The heavy artillery, tank

and mortar battles lasted five months, killed up to 30,000 people, mostly women and children, and wrecked about 80 per cent of the seaside city. The outcome of any re-

newed war cannot be assured. U.N. officials say it could depend on shifting clan alliances. Gen. Aideed, frustrated in efforts to engineer a political settlement among the

myriad of factions that would put him in power, had himself declared president unilaterally by a con-ference of his allies last June. His government has not

been recognised by any other nation. The snub was obvious when the Organisation of African Unity refused Gen. Aideed Somalia's seat at its June summit. Mr. Ali Mahdi also claims Somalia's presidency, and Ibrahim Egal has proclaimed himself the president of Somaliland, a secessionist state in the northwest also not recognised by any government. Northeast Somalia, including Bosasso, exists pretty much as a separate entity ruled by a council of elders.

Mr. Atto's presidential ambitions are not known. For the moment he is working with Mr. Ali Mahdi and other faction leaders to try to organise a reconciliation conference to forge a settlement without Gen. Aideed.

U.N. officials say there is an even chance Mr. Atto and Ali Mahdi can hold such a conference by early next year and form in interim government within a

## **UAE** hopes to settle maid case

(Continued from page 12)

national press. This atmosphere will not encourage the family to for-Five. Things might get worse, but we will keep trying. It's human nature to forgive eventually," added the offi-

The remarks underlined the government's determination to reach a reconciliation formula with the family in accordance with Islamic law,

which encourages settling disputes amicably. "The blood money would be the best face-saving formula for everyone," said an

attorney following the case.
UAE officials, worried that the image of their state has been tarnished by the uproar, are anxious to put the case behind them. Ms. Balabagan will begin

appealing for her life in Al

Her parents and vounger sister arrived on Saturday in the UAE with an affidavit showing she is 16 (see page 2).

The UAE says she is 27 based on documents Philippines officials say were forged back

Ms. Balabagan's case has outraged the Philippines, reigniting furore that swept the country after another Filipina maid, Flor Contemplacion, was hanged in Singa-

pore in March for double murder.

UAE President Sheikh Zaved Ben Sultan Al Nahayan ordered a retrial after a court in Al 'Ain in June convicted Ms. Balabagan of manslaughter and sentenced her to seven years.

been raped. If the blood money is eventually accepted, the court will have to decide whether she will still have to serve a jail

It also concluded she had

**Bahrain** 

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Jordan to seek \$133 m

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# Commission endorses new UNRWA subject

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Advisory Commission of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UN-RWA) last Wednesday considered Commissioner General Ilter Turkmen's draft annual report on the agency's activities and operations for the period July 1. 1994 to June 30, 1995,

and the agency's proposed

budget for the 1996-1997. Both reports will be submitted to the U.N. General Assembly at its 50th ses-

UNRWA sources said that the council, which met in Vienna, endorsed the agency's budget for the new fiscal year amounting to \$666.6 million, of which \$168 million will be allocated for the agency's operations and services in Jor-

This amount registers an increase of three per cent over the previous fiscal year's allocations, according to the sources which noted that the increase in the new allocation was required to meet the population growth among the re-

fugees and the rising cost of various services.

According to the sources, the allocation included \$12.7 million to be used by UNRWA to pay as end-of-service compensation to its staff members.

The sources noted that the lion's share of the new allocation, which amounts to \$99 million, will cover the educational services for the refugees in Jordan.

The increase in the overall allocation over the previous year, they added, was deemed necessary to cover the increase in salaries to the local staff employed by the agency in its fields of operations in Jordan. Syria, Lebanon Gaza and the West Bank.

## Bank head: No decision on debt yet

WASHINGTON (AP) — The World Bank will deal with growing debt in the poorest countries, but a relief plan must wait until next year, the bank president says.

"It's too hot. We don't have answers," bank Presi-dent James Wolfensohn has said before the bank's annual meetings next week.

He acknowledged concerns over a proposed debt relief plan by some officials in the bank-affiliated International Monetary Fund.

"Some people in the fund thought it should be changed," he said.

Mr. Wolfensohn said bank and fund officials were working on a new proposal and hope to have a plan by the next meetings of the bank and fund in the spring. Next week, however, the IMF is expected to approve a

\$56 billion emergency bailout plan for countries that suffer sudden financial crises, such as that experienced last year by Mexico. The United States, which has joined 11 other countries in putting up half the credit line, is trying to raise the other half.

Last month, bank officials acknowledged the bank and fund were cosidering a multibillion-dollar pool to help pay off some of the \$30.5 billion in debt owed by poor countries, mostly in Africa, to international len-

The Financial Times of London had reported the plan would provide \$11 billion to pay off Third World debt at the rate of \$400 million a year over five years and smaller amounts afterward.

The plan, although dis-avowed by the bank, brought immediate praise from groups that have criticised bank lending policies. Mr. Wolfensohn, in Mon-

day's speech to a World Resources Institute dinner honouring him, said debt in many countries is so high it is impeding growth

# Qatar, Pakistan to discuss gas pipeline

DOHA (R) — Qatar's Energy and Industry Minister Abdullah Bin Hamad Al Attiyah said on Saturday he will hold talks with his Pakistani counterpart on a proposed pipeline to transport Qatari gas to Pakistan.

yatan gas to Pakistan.
"Major issues to be tackled
by us during our talks will be
on providing Qatari gas to
Pakistan through a pipeline."
Mr. Attiyah told reporters
after Pakistani Petroleum
and Natural Resources
Minister Anwar Saifullah ar-Minister Anwar Saifullah ar-

rived in Doha.
Sharjah-based Crescent
Petroleum, Calgary-based
Transcanada Pipelines Ltd and Halliburton subsidiary Brown and Root Inc. have proposed and formed a consortium to build the \$6 billion, 1,600 km pipeline to carry 45 million to 67 million cubic metres a day of north field gas to the Pakistan port city of Karachi.
The Pakistani cabinet has

approved the plan and is expected to sign a long-term gas supply agreement with the consortium shortly. according to press reports.

Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto lent her support to the project when she visited the former emir of Qatar. Sheikh Khalifa Bin Hamad Al Thani, in August 1994.

The Pakistan government — and especially Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto are keen to see that the project is carried as soon as possible and we are providing all facilities to it." Mr. Saiful-

lah said. He said Pakistan needed gas to meet growing demand. now at 42 million cubic metres a day.

"Our demand will go up to 283 million cubic metres daily within the coming few years. We are negotiating to import gas from Iran and Turkmenistan. But we give top priority to gas from Qatar."

Before the project can go ahead, the consortium needs to sign a formal sales-andpurchase agreement with

They must agree on the pricing and route of the pipeline which, according to the plan, traverses undersea and overland through countries with possible security risks.

Crescent Petroleum, which had signed the head of agree-ment with Qatar General Petroleum Corporation in 1991, has held talks with Qatari officials, but no accord has been reached yet...

GLASBERGEN

urges Iraq to accept limited oil sales

MANAMA (R) — Bahrain's foreign minister urged Iraq in an interview published on Saturday to accept a U.N. deal for limited oil sates to ease the suffering of its peo-"The people of Iraq are facing social crises. U.N. reports shows the situation of economic, population, water, agriculture, health and supplies are all deteriorating." Sheikh Mohammad Bin

Mubarak Al Khalifa told the London-based Al Hayat dai-"We strongly urge Iraq to implement all U.N. resolutions especially the one which calls for purchasing of food supplies." added the minis-ter whose country is the cur-rent head of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council

(GCC). Security Council members, including the United States. have been urging Iraq to take advantage of a resolution adopted in April permitting it to sell up to \$2 billion worth of oil over six months in order to be able to purchase civilian supplies.

Iraq on Friday described as 'baseless" recent reports that it might agree to sell limited quantities of oil in order to buy badly needed food and other humanitarian goods.

It rejects any partial oil sales on grounds they would involve intrusive monitoring that would violate its

sovereignty.

Iraq has been the target of stringent United Nations sanctions, including a ban on oil sales, since its August 1990 invasion of GCC member Kuwait.

#### HOROSCOPE FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, **OCTOBER 8, 1995**

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You feel frustrated because of some matter you can do little about in the morning, and later tonight do not need any radical changes.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Don't go after some wish that you don't know how to go about to gain, and later tonight don't create a problem for yourself.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Take care of personal affairs at home today since you may find disappointments in the outside world and later tonight don't be

forceful. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You must study that philosophical matter well today if you are to under-stand it. Don't try to impress others later this evening. ... LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You may disagree with the one you love today, but show patience and don't run out

elsewhere. Forget a business matter. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) A partner may be confused and you could get into a disagree-ment. Be loyal to your mate in some quarrel which may

arise with another. LIBRA: (September 23 October 22) Your environment may not be just what you like today, but don't make any radical changes without careful thought this

evening. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Going after pleasure could bring you trouble during the daytime today so get busy at the practical. Steer clear of a demanding fellow associate.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Home conditions may be tense today but control your temper and all ameliorates soon. Try not to be extravagant later this evening.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Steer clear of whatever could bring about an accident during the day-time today. Improve conditions at your home tonight. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to. February 19) Forget those practical affairs that you cannot handle wisely today. La-

ter tonight you may find friends are out of sorts. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You find it difficult to gain personal longings today, but don't force any-

thing. Don't ask favours of good friends on how to handle any problems.

Birthstone of October: Opal Tourmaline

Western Union Money Transfer. It's like faxing money. Through Amman Bank For Investments Western Union Center -24 Hour Service

WESTERN MONEY

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## Swedish women may get their own bank

STOCKHOLM (AFP) - Swedish women may soon get their own bank that will grant them small Loans to start up a business, thanks to four women who are trying to gain support for the

Already a popular and success-ful business nation in developing

loans can be enough for a woman to start her own successful busi-

women's fairness on the capital market," said Goerel Thurdin, a centrist MP and one of the women behind the project.

"This is a feminist bank for

## THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. NALST GALIE **TOSEFF** WHAT THE BORED SEAMSTRESS THOUGHT OF HER JOB. **DAIMWY** Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. Print answer here:

"I hate how my employer treats us all

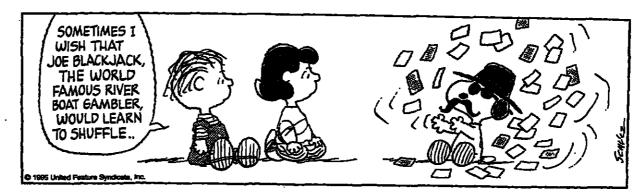
like a bunch of children. But the new

swings behind the parking lot are nice."

Jumbles: IDIOT BURST ELEVEN FALLEN What the hosts ended up with after the

party - LEFTOVERS

**Peanuts** 



**Andy Cap** 



Mutt'n'Jeff



# THE Daily Crossword by Fran Ragus

5 Walesa's land

6 Frock shape

8 Insouciance

10 Piquant flavor

12 January in Avila

7 Hill slider

9 Velocities

11 Bequeath

13 Tint again

26 Dash or stick

28 Semi-precious

21 Coward

22 Totters

slart

stone

29 Rise up

30 One with

31 Flinches

promise

33 Mind reading

27 Anxiety

- 1 Dry by rubbing 5 Annie Oakley 9 — clear of (avoid)
- 14 Celebrity , 15 Pot for stewing 16 Lustrous velvet 17 Uncouth one 18 Legal claim 19 Concluded
- 20 Hunt and Peck 23 Individual 24 Nourished 25 — is me! 26 Made points
- 30 Salad herb 32 Place for a camation 33 implement
- 34 Sign of saintliness 38 Bedouin 39 Convoy members,
- maybe 40 Vitamin ingredient 41 Soccer star,

42 "--- Three Lives"

43 Available 44 Subsequently 46 Ancient interpreter of omens

47 — culpa

- 50 Cartography 51 Aardvark tidbit 52 Hill and Dale
- 59 Of sixty minutes 60 Follow along 61 Kind of skirt 62 River in Italy
- 63 Residence 64 Reykjavik's country: abbr. 65 Minimal
- 66 Belgian river 67 Narrate **DOWN**
- 1 Desire 2 Futile 3 Puddle 4 German river
- 35 Not care -36 Abundant store 37 Chalcedony 39 Ravi's instrument 43 Babe
- 46 Stag feature 47 Taj — 48 Wear

45 Charm

- gradually
- 49 Courtyards 51 Stop on ---

- temple 55 Ignore 56 Old cudgel

53 Crones

54 Ancient

M E R L E Z O N E E L C I D A R T E

SAGERHEAPERLMAN

STELLA AGARAGAR LILE WROTE OSE ABLE SEINE ROSA

MIOTENSECODED

SAWHORSESSHIFTY

E R A G A T A L E S D S T R A I G H T M A N L S D P O O L L O E I L P L O Y A N T E I I R E N E L O L A R E A R S O S S O S O W E N

FEATS RAE

57 Skating jump 58 Window part

# 3ahrain irges Irao o accept imited oil sales

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Security Council member cluding the United State ave been urging fraq to the Ivantage of a resolute dopted in April permine sell up to \$2 billion for oil over six months rder to be able to purche vilian supplies. Iraq on Finday described: baseless recent reports might agree to sell imp pantities of oil in order uv hadly needed food z ther humanitarian good It rejects any partial: iles on grounds they me

wereignty Iraq has been the target tingent United Valle enotions, including a baile valles, since its Auge PAR INVASIon of GCC mrs er Kuwan

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1at would violate?

#### HORUSCOPE ORFCAST FOR SUNDAY OCTOBER S. 1995

w Thomas S Pem

strateger Carro Syst. Appropriate the Nation RUES: (March 2) to April You feel mistrated be ause of some mand you. o little about in the reig, and later tought deeed any radical change.

AGRUS: April 2010 5 Di Don't go after some 95 par seur don't know hous o about to gain, and lar might don't create a mitan for yourself

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IRGO: (August 22 f eptember 221 A pank any be confused and it mid get into a disagre sent Re loval to your me some quartel which the ise with another IBRA: (September 21) scrober 22) Your ening cent may not be just the

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in like feelin but die take any tached change athout careful thought CORPIO: (C)cober 22 ovember 21) Going all casure could bring in oubje during the day when we get busy if the precal Steet clear of a demang fellow associate. AGITTARIUS: (November 1) How

mentions may be tense to is but control your temps id all ameliorates soon y to be extravagant be APRICORN: December as eccume. January 20) Steet deal hatever could bring the accident during the di me today. Improve conous at your home tonight chruary 101 Forcel the

ractical affairs that you for the thandle wisely today for the tonight you may for the thandle with the tonight you may for th if to gain bersonal longite aday but don't force and have but don't favour dispersion how to hard by any problems irthstone of October: Opt

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usiness aily eat

A review of economic news from the Arabic press

# Jordan to seek \$133 m financing for transport projects

ordan will seek financing for seven transport projects worth \$133 million at the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) economic summit which will convene in Amman at the end of this month, rapporteur of the transport committee Sufyan Al Muheisin said. Mr. Muheisin said these projects entail launching a land transport company with a capital of \$38 million in addition to other projects to modernise equipment used to train pilots, equipment at Royal (RJ) Jordanian's Engineering Maintenance Department and the establishment of a marine transport company which would transport liqnid cargo. He said other projects include the estabfishment of a marine fuel station and a marine maintenance and manufacturing centre. Mr. Muheisin said the committee followed several criteria in choosing these projects, taking into consideration their reg and international dimen-

\* The United States and other world countries intend to reduce the capital of the Middle East Development Bank, which will be launched at the MENA summit, from a proposed \$5 billion to \$1.25 billion, according to informed sources. The sources told Al Dustour Arabic daily that the reduction of the bank's capital is due to lack of financial support, especially on the part of European and Arab Gulf countries. The U.S., the main proponent of the establishment of the bank found it better to reduce the proposed capital rather than sport the whole proposal. (Al Dustour)

sions. (Al Ra'i / Petra)

The Professional Associations Union will in 1996 start constructing a new building at a total cost of JD 5 million. Tareq Al Tal, the engineer heading the project's supervising committee, said the project will be financed by the pension funds of the six associations using the Piofessional Associations Complex. These associations are those of engineers, doctors, lawyers, pharmacists, dentists and agricultural engineers. Mr. Tal said parts of the project, including the mosque and the cultural centre, will OUARIUS: (Lanuar) the tions. He seemed through donations. He stressed that the swimming pool at the old complex, established in 1958 on a 10-dunum piece sends are out of sense of fland, was closed because of the need for space for surch 200 You find a larger other purposes with the completion of the project, the building area will double to 6,000 square metres and the number of halls will increase from

four to eight. (Al Ra'i)

# U.S. happy with dollar; G-7 nations could defend it

WASHINGTON (AP) The Clinton administration expressed satisfaction Friday with the recent strength in the dollar but left open the possibility that the world's seven largest industrial coun-tries could launch further surprise rescue efforts should the U.S. currency come under renewed attack.

Treasury Secretary Robert Rubin listed the dollar's rebound in the past four months as an encouraging development in the global economy along with falling interest rates and new efforts on the part of the Japanese government to combat that country's worst recession in the postwar period.

The U.S. economy, after slowing dramatically in the spring, is rebounding and we expect healthy growth with low inflation to continue through next year," Mr. Rubin said.

Mr. Rubin commented on the eve of a daylong meeting Saturday with finance ministers and central bank presidents from the Group of Seven countries — the United States, Japan, Germany, France, Italy, Britain and Canada.

When the group met last April, the dollar had fallen to record lows against both the Japanese yen and the German mark and attempts at coordinated dollar-buying by the seven governments had been largely brushed aside by

The G-7 officials said the currency movements had

"gone beyond the levels justified by underlying economic conditions" and declared that "an orderly reversal of those

movements is desirable." While the statement at the time was viewed as little more than rhetoric, the G-7 countries during the summer conducted several surprise coordinated intervention efforts that have helped to sharply push up the value of the dollar.

It now stands 26 per cent higher against the Japanese yen than at its low of 79.85 yen hit on April 19.

Mr. Rabin said G-7 ministers would spend a portion of their Saturday discussions on a review of currency developments. While financial markets are not looking for more dollar-buying immediately after the meeting, Mr. Rubin pointedly told reporters that the administration still believed "that a strong dollar is in the economic interests of the United States and we have been and we'll continue to cooperate with our fellow G-7 members to work towards that end."

The meeting of top finance officials from the seven largest economies was being held in advance of the annual meetings starting Sunday of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank.

At those sessions, the administration hopes to win approval of a package of proposals first unveiled at last June's summit meeting in Halifax to bolster the ability

**Jordan Times** Financial Markets Cairo Amman Bank



Currency	New york Close	New York Close
	Pare 5/19/95	IMP 6/10/95
Sterling Pound	1.5855	i.5830
Deutsche Mark	1:4203	1:4218
Swiss Franc	1-1395 -	÷1.7450
French Franc	4.9290	4.9955
Japanese Yen	99.40	100.55
Enropean Curreny Unit	1,2910	1.2890

Enrocurrency Interest Ra	Date: 7/10/1995			
Ситтеясу	I MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	5.62	5.62	5.68	5.66
Sterling Pound	6.50	6.43	6.43	6.43
Deutsche Mark	3.87	3.81	3.81	3.67
Swiss Franc	2.16	2.18	2.18	2.18
French Franc	5.95	6.15	6.25	6.13
Japanese Yen	0.25	0.18	0.18	0.25
European Currency Unit	5.75	5.75	5 75	5.75

recions (	Metals			Date: 7/	1011773
Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm°	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	385.65	7.50	Silver	5.38	0.100

best bid rates for assurate exereding U.S. Delian 1,000,000 or equivalent.

	Date: 7/10/1995			
Сигтепсу	Bid	Offer		
U.S. Dollar	0.7120	0.7140		
Sterling Pound	1.1252	1.1308		
Deutsche Mark	0.5002	0.5027		
Swiss Franc	0.6208	0.6239		
French Franc	0.1424	0.1431		
Japanese Yen*	0.7061	0.7116		
Dutch Guilder	0.4467	0.4489		
Swedish Krona	244447	*****		
Italian Lira	0.0441	0.0443		
Belgian Franc	*****	******		

Other Carrencies	Date: 7/10/1995			
Свителсу	Bid	Offer		
Bahraini Dinar	1.8730	1.8860		
Lebanese Lim <sup>e</sup>	0.043450	0-044350		
Saudi Riyal	0.1895	0.1909 .		
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.5030	2.3650		
Qatari Riyal	0.1944	0.1956		
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2180		
Omazi Riyal	1.8440	1.8500		
UAE Dirkam	0.1933	0.1943		
Greek Drachma <sup>-</sup>	0.2865	0.3175		
Cyprict Pound	1.5235	1.5950		





Air-conditioned Lounge

of the IMF to respond to future Mexican-style finan-

The United States wants a \$50 billion emergency bailout fund in the IMF with the money coming from an existing \$28 billion IMF line of credit and new contributions from wealthy countries.

However, some newly wealthy Asian nations that nations.

are being asked to contribute object that they would not have as much control over the fund as the original members, which include the G-7

reports of discord. "The prospective donors have been satisfied with the responses we've had with respect to those issues ... . I think we are making very good progress in these informal discussions,"

While the IMF's policysetting interim committee is expected to endorse the goal of creating the new emergency financing mechanism on Sunday, officials concede it will take several more months to work out details of how the fund will operate and obtain the necessary pledges of support.

The IMF is expected on Sunday to approve efforts to establish a better earlywarning system of potential crises such as the one that pushed Mexico to the brink of default after it was forced to devalue its currency last

This package will include a set of economic statistics that countries will be asked to collect and make public in a timely fashion so investors can better judge a country's financial health.

ADMEN FINANCIAL MARKET
BOUSING BANK CENTER AMMAN - SEMBISANI
TELEPHONE: 607171 / 607179
ORGANIZED MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR SATURDAY 07/10/1995

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UNRWA HQ AMMAN **VACANCY NOTICE NO.42/95** The United Nations Relief & Works Agency for Palestine

Refugees in the Near East requires at its headquarters in

General Education Specialist (Vocational Education) Grade 15. [VN # HQ (a) 42/95]. Fixed term three years (monthly take home pay about JD 514 plus dependency allowance; plus monthly provident fund JD 125 payable at end of service; compulsory medical insurance).

**DUTIES:** Conducts analytical evaluations and submits proposals for the enrichment /development of curricula and methods of teaching of Vocational Education in Agency schools and training centres; conducts different types of research studies at all school levels in the fields of curriculum enrichment/development, attitudes, values, behaviour modification etc..., and provides Education Development Centres with other practical and innovative plans for effective teaching of the Vocational Education; prepares guidelines for School Supervisors for the development of self-learning materials aiming at improving the achievements/skills of Agency's students in Vocational Education; prepares core curricula/syllabuses for teaching of Vocational Education, built on analysis and breakdown of the content of the curricula/syllabuses and the prescribed textbooks of the host countries; prepares for teachers and instructors teacher-guides (particularly for those textbooks where teacher-guides are not available), guide notes, audio-videogrammes and updates requirements for necessary teaching aids, consumable supplies (and equipment), for textbooks prescribed by the host countries/supervises the teaching of Vocational Education, participates in the organisation of in-service training courses, conducts and evaluates seminars (when required), as well as writing and reviewing of instructional materials in the Vocational Education; coordinates with other General Education Specialists in matters pertaining the preparation, implementation, evaluation and follow-up of work plans of the Department; provides guidance to School Supervisors and Faculty of Educational Sciences Instructors in the related pedagogical and teaching methods of the Vocational Education; conducts seminars/lectures at the faculty level for students/teachers enrolled in faculty's programme when required. Qualifications required: Advanced university degree from a recognised university in Vocational Education; Education diploma of successful completion of a teacher training course of at least one year duration. Competence in preparing curriculum enrichment/self-learning materials. Experience: Ten years of teaching experience at various levels of education including experience at an appropriate senior level of which at least five years must have been in inservice or pre-service teacher education (including teaching at university level) and/or supervision of

Desirable qualifications: Possession of PhD. in Vocational Education; competence in conducting research in the field of Vocational Education.

teaching Vocational Education. Fluency in English and

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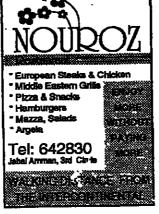
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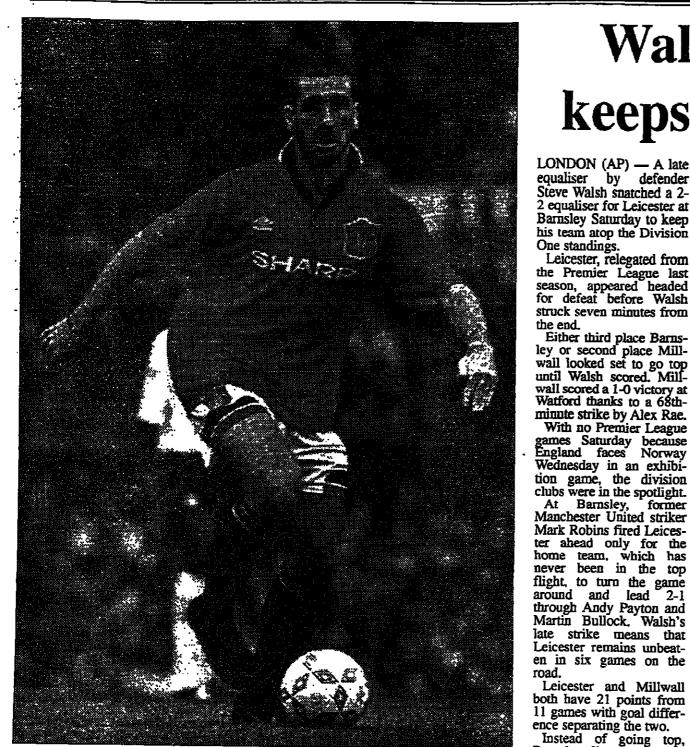






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CANTONA JOINS UNITED'S RESERVES: Eric Cantona in action during a match between Manchester United reserves and Leeds United reserves Saturday. Cantona who made his comeback in the 2-2 draw with Liverpool last Sunday went off after just 18 minutes with an injury to the right knee (Reuters photo)

## No reason to dump Graf, says sponsor with her father is at the censaid there was no reason for

that Opel might drop the tennis star.

BONN (R) — Steffi Graf is not to be dumped by one of

her main sponsors, car

maker Adam Opel, the firm

said on Saturday a day after

prosecutors questioned the

world number one for the

first time since launching a

Since Graf's father, Peter,

was jailed in August to stop

him fleeing or concealing

evidence that might support

accusations he and his

daughter evaded taxes, there

has been media speculation

tax evasion probe.

"Adam Opel sees at present no reason to break off the contract with Steffi Graf." the chairman of the board of managers. David Herrman, told German radio, adding he regarded the tennis champion as the victim in the tax affair.

"Steffi is a wonderful person," he said of Graf, who

tre of a tax evasion probe put at around 10 million marks (\$7 million) by German media reports.

"We are proud to do business with a sportswoman of her calibre. The firm is not afraid that its image will be dented because the majority of Germans support Steffi,

A Mannheim prosecutor

the tennis star to be detained, but that her father and tax advisor Joachim Eckhardt should remain in investigative custody:

LONDON (AP) — A late

equaliser by defender

Steve Walsh snatched a 2-

2 equaliser for Leicester at

Barnsley Saturday to keep

his team atop the Division

Leicester, relegated from the Premier League last

season, appeared headed for defeat before Walsh

struck seven minutes from

Either third place Barns-ley or second place Mill-

wall looked set to go top until Walsh scored. Mill-

wall scored a 1-0 victory at Watford thanks to a 68th-

minute strike by Alex Rae.

games Saturday because England faces Norway

Wednesday in an exhibi-

tion game, the division clubs were in the spotlight.
At Barnsley, former
Manchester United striker

Mark Robins fired Leices-

ter ahead only for the

home team, which has never been in the top

flight, to turn the game

around and lead 2-1

late strike means that

Leicester remains unbeat-

en in six games on the

Leicester and Millwall both have 21 points from

11 games with goal differ-

Instead of going top, Barnsley slipped to fourth.

A second half strike by

lrish international striker

David Kelly, who trans-ferred from Wolves last

With no Premier League

One standings.

the end.

The prosecutor, Peter Wechsung, said he did not expect to lodge formal charges in the next few weeks.

Family lawyers say Steffi Graf and her father did a deal with authorities in 1993, agreeing on their tax liability, that should have precluded the investigation and detentions.

Walsh equaliser

keeps Leicester top

month, gave Sunderland 1-

0 victory at Crystal Palace

as his team clambered

above Barnsley into third,

two points behind the lead-

ing two. Sunderland also

moved up five places to fifth with a 2-0 victory

over Reading, four days after Reading ousted

Albion from league cup by winning 4-2 at the same Hawthorns Stadium. Dave

Gilbert and Bob Taylor

scored the Albion goals as West Bromwich ended a run of three defeats.

Port Vale gained a sur-

prise 2-0 victory at fifth

place Huddersfield to move off the bottom. Luton dropped down after

losing 1-0 at Tranmere,

whose scorer was the ever-

green 37-year-old Irish international forward, John

Wolves continued its

improvement under former

England manager Graham

Taylor with a 2-1 victory at

Ipswich, which was a Pre-

mier League team last sea-

After Steve Sedgeley had

given Ipswich the lead

from the penalty spot, Don

Goodman and Mark

Atkins turned the game

around for the Wolves,

whose manager has come

under fire from some of

the fans for the team's poor

This result moved

Wolves up from 19th of

Some Sheffield United

start to the season.

the 24 teams to 15th.

Aldridge.

West Bromwich Albion

missed two penalties.

They say it is common practice to reach such agreements with someone like Graf, who has homes abroad as well as in Germany, to short-circuit time-consuming investigations and legal procedures.

Finance officials in the Baden-Wuerttemberg state capital Stuttgart have confirmed that a signed protocol existed covering such an agreement, but add that such a pact would be invalid if based on false information.

Dave Bassett to go after a

2-0 loss at home to Derby,

whose scorers were Marco

Gabbiadini and Ron

Willems. Only five teams

are now below Bassett's

team yet two seasons ago it

was in the Premier League.

In other division one

games, Grimsby won 1-0

at Charlton, Oldham and

Portsmouth tied 1-1 and so

Scottish champion and

standings leader Glasgow Rangers gained a 1-0 vic-

tory at second place

Aberdeen, thanks to a

header by Craig Moore 12 minutes from the end.

Rangers had four of its

stars unavailable because

of injury, England's Paul

Gascoigne, Denmark's

Brian Laudrup, Scotland's

Ally McCoist and Ian Fer-

Celtic moved into second

place, two points behind

Rangers, by edging Partick

2-1. Dutch striker Pierre

van Hooydonk and Scot-

tish international midfield-

er John Collins scored the

Kilmarnock, which lost

its first five games of the

season, won its first, over-

powering Hearts 3-1 to

move away from last

Falkirk, which lost 2-1 at

Hibernian, slipped to last.

guson.

Celtic goals.

did Stoke and Norwich.

Graf, who won this year's French, Wimbledon and U.S. Grand Slam titles, bas said she entrusted her financial affairs to her father at the start of her career and had no idea how much money she was earning.

# Jordan eliminated from Olympic qualifiers

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan was eliminated from the Asian soccer Olympic qualifiers after losing to Qatar 4. 2 in a match held in the Qatari capital.

Qatar, which in earlier matches drew with Iraq 0-0 and beat Jordan 2-1, now tops the Asian Group Eight with seven points, followed by Iraq with four points.

Iraq still has the home court advantage with its two remaining matches held in Baghdad — with Qatar next Friday and with Jordan Oct. 20.

Only one team from the group qualifies to the finals. In its Friday match, attended by His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah, Jordan took the lead in the second minute through a goal by its promising striker Muneer Abu Hantash, who in the 10th minute added another goal, making the score 2-0.

The Qataris never gave up and continued their attacks, succeeding in the 14th minute to score their first goal through a penalty kick by Ahmad Mubarak.

Adel Aman scored the equaliser in the 30th minute. Qatar's third and fourth goals were scored by Ahmad

Fares (58) and Adel Aman (89).
Prince Abdullah, who is the president of the Jordan Soccer Federation, voiced his satisfaction of and pride in the national Olympic team in spite of its elimination, blaming the media for destroying the team's morale.

"We in Jordan have to support the national Olympic team with all our capabilities to enable it to improve to a level in which it is able to play with better teams,"
Prince Abdullah said in Doha following the match.

# AC Milan eye Basler

BONN (AFP) — AC Milan are willing to pay \$10 mil-lion for Werder Bremen's German international striker Mario Basler, Bild Zeitung newspaper reported Satur-

"A chance like this only comes once a lifetime," Bild quoted Basler as saying after talks in a Frankfurt botel with his business adviser and two Milan officials.

The 26-year-old is under contract with the Bundesliga club until 2000.

But he insisted: "I want to be free immediately because the Italians are re-opening the transfer market on November 2-9."

Meanwhile, there are more upheavals at struggling SV Hamburg where Uwe Deeler took over as club president Thursday and immediately sacked the coach Benno Mohlmann.

His replacement, the former deputy coach Felix Magath, has been told by midfielder Jurgen Hartmann he no longer wants to be captain.

À new skipper will be appointed before next Saturday's match against TSV Munich 1860.

Hamburg have not won a match all season and are second from bottom of the first division.

## Schumacher crashes car

IMOLA, Italy (AP) - Formula One world champion Michael Schumacher crashed his car and Jacques Villeneuve blew an engine on Friday, causing an early end to tests of the Benetton and Williams teams at the

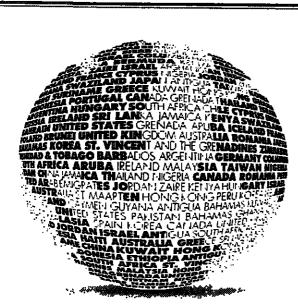
Imola Autodrome. Schumacher, who's bidding for his second consecutive world title this year, spun off at the Variante Alta corner and escaped the accident unhurt, track officials reported.

The left suspension on his Benetton Renault car was badly damaged. Villeneuve, a Formula

One newcomer, was stopped by the blown engine of his

Williams Renault. The young Canadian driver, the Indy champion this year, will team with Damon Hill at Williams in 1996.

ing his Benetton at the Imola Track since Wednesday in preparation for the next championship race.



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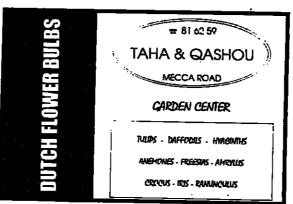
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The bidding: SOUTH WEST NORTH EAST 2NT Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: King of a
There is nothing an expert abbors more than a pure guess. That eliminates skill and leaves everyone at the mercy of the whims of distribution. By adopting the right line, however, guesswork does not have to play a significant role in most hands. Consider this one.

South was a rubber bridge player of the old school, using 23-24 points as the range for a two-no-trump

TAKE THE SURE LINE

opening bid. One queen is not enough for a raise, since partner will be at the disadvantage of play-ing from hand almost all the time, west led the king of clubs and continued with the queen when

Annual Control of the Control of the

continued with the queen when declarer held up on the first round. Declarer won the are as East followed, and was unlucky that the spade spots were such that the suit would provide only one entry to dummy. That would mean declarer could try only one of the red-suit finesses, and selecting the wrong one would lead to defeat.

There was, however, a far better line which would insure the contract. After cashing four rounds of spades, declarer simply soited with

spades, declarer simply soited with a club. West could take three club tricks, but would then be down to nothing but red cards and would have to lead into a major tenace in the closed hand. Declarer would score a second trick in whichever suit West broached to fulfill the contract.

contract.

By resorting to an endplay, declarer converted a 50 percent chance into a sure thing. The defenders were helpless to do anything about it.

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President Lennart Johansson

has issued a call to arms

against a European court

opinion that could spell the

end of multi-million dollar

He urged the authority's 49

national federations to lobby

governments "at the highest

level" to "save football from

those who have little under-

will have to listen, not just to

football associations, but also to the people of Europe,"

Johansson wrote in an editorial of UEFA's monthly bul-

"Nobody wants the nation-

al structure of football to be-

destroyed. Ask a young Ita-

lian player if he dreams of

playing in the World Cup for

Italy or for the European

Union. The answer is ob-

number of foreign players

holder Garry Kasparov

coasted nearer to victory in

the Professional Chess Asso-

ciation World Championship

when he drew his 16th game

with Viswanathan Anand af-

With four games remain-

ing, Kasparov leads 9.5 to 6.5

and requires only one more draw to retain his title.

The winner of the contest

must accumulate 10.5 points.

but match rules state that in

the event of a 10-10 tie Kas-

parov keeps his title.
"I think Vishy just wants to

go home. He's demoralised.'

said Australian grandmaster

Ian Rogers.

ter only 20 moves Friday.

standing of the game." "Eventually the politicians

letin issued Friday.

vious," he wrote.

player transfers.

Y, OCTOBER 8, 198

hdad — with Quar ne p qualifies to the finals by His Royal Highner the lend in the seems h minute added anoth-

d continued their attack to score their first go and Mubarak ser in the 30th numbers were scored by Ahme

president of the Joids satisfaction of and pie a spite of its climination ng the team's morale ort the national Olympe 1 o enable it to improved blin with petter team. following the match

# ye Basler

Meanwhile, there are me phenyals at strugglings lamburg where Uwe Dec ook over as club presthursday and immedia acked the coach Ber Aohlmann

His replacement, the r her deputy coach in Jacath, has been lold. nidfielder Jurgen Hanne e no longer wants to aptam

A new skipper willia promised before nearly hav's match against its Junich 1560 Hamburg have not we

natch all season and a econd from bottom  $a \geq 1$ itst division

## crashes ca The left suspension wis-

tenetion Remak in ie adly damaged. Villanenser, a formula The new come: we work or the blown engine of Arthums Remailt

The course (mature) cor, the linds champer: car, with team with Dat IstI at Williams in Por-Schoma, her his beent ny lina Benetien ai the be Frack since Wednesda: neparation for the 20 dramprouship acc.

TAKE THE SCHOOLSE

este against a sur against a s

Johansson's comments marked his strongest attack yet on an opinion issued last RIDGE month by the EU advocategeneral that limits on the

Justice is expected to follow the Otto Lenz's opinion in its final verdict around Jan. 1. If implemented, it would change the nature of European soccer.

ARAB CHAMPIONSHIP: Al Riyad Al Saudi player Mohammad Al

Kadi (R) and Hassan Jinkel Hassan defender of Al Nassar fight for the

ball during their match in the Soccer-Cup Winners of the Arab Cup at

Al Manzah Olympic Stadium in Tunis Friday. Al Riyad Al Saudi from

Saudi Arabia beat Al Nassar from United Arab Emirates 2-0 (Reuters

UEFA president issues new

attack on Euro court opinion

and transfer fees violated EU

principles of free movement

The full European Court of

of people and labour.

Lenz's interim judgment came in a case filed by Jean-Marc Bosman, a Belgian player who sued UEFA after he was denied a transfer to French club Dunkirk from FC Liege in 1990. Many players are disgusted

with the transfer system and would welcome a change. UEFA has warned that small clubs would be the los-

ers because the sale of new talent is an important source of income. But even powerful clubs have criticised the interim ruling. UEFA currently has a

three-plus-two rule, which allows clubs to field three foreigners plus two non-nationals who have been playing in the country for several years. The transfer system, in objective."

Draw in 16th game puts

Kasparov closer to victory

to take you up on it." But he

added: "I think I might have

Kasparov's favourite Sicilian

defence. Both players' moves

were exactly the same as in

their seventh game, until

Kusparov made a new move with his 16th. After quiet

maneuovering in the centre

offered a draw on his 20th

move. Anand quickly

Play lasted just 75 minutes.

"I understand the last two

games weren't exactly thril-

lers, but you can't stipulate

accepted.

of the board, Kasparov

Playing black, Anand tried

one more shot at him."

NEW YORK (AP) — Title-holder Garry Kasparov replied: "I might be tempted

# Romanians defend title in clash of titans

SABAE, Japan (AP) -Romania's women defended their world gymnastics title Saturday in a battle so fierce that medals were decided by fractions of points, with America taking bronze thanks to Shannon Miller's courage

over pain. American coach Bela Karolvi called the clash "one of the most dramatic I've been through" in his 30-odd years in the sport.

Chinese coach Lu Shanzhen gushed that his team's silver was reward for its best ever performance. For Romanian star Gina

Gogean, winning gold was

"just a step" toward next year's Olympics in Atlanta. Following compulsory exercises earlier in the week. Romania had started optionals Saturday with a 0.848point lead over an injury

dogged U.S. team, followed by Russia and China, off the top by nearly two points.

But China quickly overtook Russia in its first event, the floor exercises, and then leapfrogged the U.S. women into the silver medal spot on its third apparatus, the uneven

Miller, the 1993 and 1994 world champion, had planned to perform on just two of the four apparatus Saturday because of a right foot hurt in training just two days earlier. But when it became clear on the Americans' third event the floor --- that they were in danger of being bumped off the bronze by the Russians, she begged to continue.

Adapting her routine to her sore ankle, Miller danced and tumbled to a 9.725 as her teammates on the sidelines shouted, "Come on Shannon,

World Gymnastics Championships

Finally, with the Russians still threatening, America's medal hopes rested on the last apparatus, the vault, and the shoulders of 14-year-old Dominique Moceanu, going last. After Moceanu fluffed her first attempt, Karolyi, the coach, said he was preparing to give his teen-age athletes a speech about how there was no disgrace in finishing

But then, Moceanu nailed her second vault, scoring 9.612, for a total team score of 384.705, beating Russia by 0.016 point. It was the first time out of the medals for the

Soviet Union and its Russian

successor since the Soviet men and women both won gold in 1954.

Romania took gold with 387.865 to China's 386.476. "It was incredible," Karolyi said later.

America's medal was due to "individual athletes making things happen in incredible situations and sometimes in hopeless situations, and that's exactly what happened tonight," he said.

Coach Steve Nunno, hoarse from cheering the team on, said Miller, 18, "has a huge "Miracles happen with that

kid," he added. The top 12 teams qualify for Atlanta. They included the Greeks, who huddled together

and cried for joy after secur-

berth, as well as Ukraine, France, Spain, Belarus, Hungary, Japan, and Australia.

ing their first ever Olympic

For spectators in the 8,000seat Sun Dome, the question was where to look? Every team contained current, former or potential champions. and nearly every misstep and mistake, or every extra touch of grace and control, could have cost or won a medal.

Take, for example, the second apparatus:

On the floor, Dina Kochetkova of Russia dancing with grace and poise in a routine that earned her 9.787. On the vault, China's 4foot-1 (1.24-metre) Mo Huilan, executing a jump worth 9.937 points - the competition's highest mark so far - and landing as straight and as clean as a hot knife in

# Higher, bigger, better — how far can gymnastics go?

SABAE, Japan (AP) — The World Gymnastics Cham-pionships' motto is "Challenge the Limits." But what are the limits in a sport where athletes already risk life and

China's team at the current championships is arguing against a decision by the sport's governing body that there is too much risk in a move it had planned to introduce to women's competi-

The debate relates to a wider question about the direction of gymnastics. which wants to encourage innovation without putting athletes, many of them teenagers, in danger or turn the sport, loved for its grace and control, into a circus routine.

China's move, which men already perform, would involve swinging around the highest of the uneven bars with one hand before switch-

which top players are often sold for millions, is the key to

commercial success for many

some officials seem to regard

football as just another mar-

ket," Johansson wrote.
"They seek to apply their

laws and regulations to foot-

ball as if it was no different

manufacturing. Football is a

national sport with a huge

social impact in each and

every European country,

the Swedish national wrote.

would throw European soc-cer into chaos. The EU has

15 members, leaving open

the question of what would

happen in non-members.
"When the EU interferes

in football, it interferes in

European football as a

whole. It interferes in all 49

member associations of

"Therefore we have to re-

spond as a whole, fighting

together to reach a common

Asked what he will do

when the match ends. Anand

said: "I'll worry about that in

a couple of days. I'm not

pretending I'm going to win the match, but there are still

The match could actually

last four more games, but if

Kasparov draws two or wins

A win scores a point and a

draw a half-point. The win-

ner of the contest will receive

\$1 million, the loser

Kasparov, 32, of Moscow.

has held the world title since

1985. Anand. 25, comes from

one, the contest is over.

Anand said.

two games left."

\$500,000.

Madras, India.

He said the court opinion

"But football is not car

from car manufacturing."

"The basic problem is that

ing to a backward somersault, twisting, and regrasping the bar.

Sound dangerous? No. says Chinese coach Lu Shan-

"Gymnastics is about pushing the limits," Lu says. "If you get rid of the risk then gymnastics will get very bland."

But the International Gymnastics Federation apparently fears women could be hurt doing or training for the move. Rather than ban it, however, it gave the move a low point value so gymnasts looking to score a perfect 10 would be less likely to use it.

"We do not want to ban any move because that would stifle creativity," explained Jim Barry, a federation spokesman. "But we do not want to encourage moves that are dangerous. Gymnastics is constantly evolving. To stay ahead, many gymnasts train at least 30 hours a week, and constantly search for that extra move, that higher jump, or that extra somersault. Aches, sprains and injuries are par

for the course. "Every time I think we are at the limit, somebody pops up with something new, Barry said in an interview.

"How do you stop people inventing?"

But while spectacular stunts appeal to audiences and look good on TV, the sport was devised originally as a way to keep people fit and agile and should still stress grace and "total con-trol of the body," Barry said.

gymnast Olga Korbut first

performed a backward some-

"We are trying to avoid the circus," he added. Chinese coach Lu likened the debate over the move to a flap in the 1970s when Soviet rsault on the balance beam. The federation considered banning the move as too dangerous. Today, it is common and ranks only as a "B" on the difficulty scale of a to ultra E, the hardest. Equipment too has

evolved, mainly for safety but also to create better moves. The beam once was just a bar of wood that had to be checked for splinters before competition. Today, it is slightly padded and gives a little. The floor and vault are bouncier, the men's rings are slightly sprung. There is even talk of adding a third parallel bar for men. Barry said.

And all the time, younger, more agile gymnasts are rising to claim their seniors' laurels. Many women gymnasts retire before age 20, and men around age 25, as younger competitors learn harder skills increasingly ear-

Gymnasts can leave their mark by performing a new move at an Olympics or world championship to have it named after them. For instance, the Comaneci Salto, named after Romania's Nadia Comanice. remains one of the hardest somersaults on the uneven bars and, while not considered

dangerous, ranks as "E." And occasionally, gymnasts who are considered ahead of their time dominate for a while, like vitaly Scherbo of Belarus. Scherbo, 23, made Olympic history by winning six gold medals at Barcelona in 1992 and then won the all-around world title in 1993. But since then he has slipped a little as the competi-

tion has caught up.
"Other gymnasts are coming up," said Belarus coach Vladimir Vatkini. "It's impossible to stay always on the

# More expected from Shaq in upcoming season

ORLANDO, Florida (AP) - He's bigger, stronger and promising to be even better. Shaquille O'Neal rejoined the Orlando Magic on the eve

coming American National Basketball Association (NBA) season Thursday, saying he's ready for some "real" work after spending the summer in California filming a movie and enhancing his already imposing physique.
"It's time to get back to our real jobs," he said,

flashing his trademark smile. "We've been unemployed

long enough."
The fourth-year pro is about 131/2 kilogrammes heavier and noticably more muscular than last season when he won his first scoring title and led the Magic to the NBA finals.

He took two weeks off after Houston swept Orlando in the championship round, then headed to Los Angeles where he played a rapping genie with an attitude in the Disney-produced movie "Kazaám" that will be re-

leased next year. He spent as many as 12 hours a day on the set of the movie, but still found time to stay in shape and work on his game with help from personal trainer Billy Blanks.

The 2.16-metre. 149.5kilogramme O'Neal lifted weights for the first time and his almost-daily routine included martial arts, boxing and a short-lived foray into singer Paula Abdul. "I can do a lot of things," he said, shaking his head. "Aerobics is not one of them.

I had to give that up." report to camp in good condition and raise the level of his game set the tone for an offseason in which fellow NBA all-star Anfernee Hardaway also used a vigorous workout and weight programme to bulk up to 98 kilos after playing most of last season at about 88 kilos.

Once the NBA lockout ended, management tried to ensure it retained all of the key components from last season while also adding first-round draft pick David Vaughn and backup centre Jon Koncak, who replaces the retired Tree Rollins.

The club announced Thursday the signing of Vaughn, the 25th pick in the draft, to a three-year contract worth just over \$1.5 million. Starter Dennis Scott and reserve Brian Shaw also agreed to three-year deals that will keep them with the team.

"I wanted to back and they wanted me back," said Scott, who averaged 12.9 points last season. His deal is worth about \$9 million.

"It's good to have everybody signed before camp," said O'Neal, Scott's best friend. "If we stay together, do the things we did last season and improve on some things, we're going to be

# China pro league breeds hooliganism ter Tianjin equalised at 1-1.

growing shadow of soccer hooliganism, 1,000 Beijing fans set off on Saturday on an epic voyage trip to Dalian for a Sunday match that had police in that northeastern city laying on heavy extra

"Let's get lively" some soccer fanatics cried amid a din of cymbals, bugles and other noisemakers as they formed a convoy of 19 chartered buses at Temple-of-Modern-Farming Stadium.

After a two-hour drive to Tianjin and a short but important stopover in the port city, the 1,000-strong party was to board a sleeper ferry for an 18-hour crossing of Bohai Bay to Dalian, a soccer-crazed port in Liaoning Province.

Their mission: To cheer Beijing's Guo'an to victory against Dalian's Wanda team, still undefeated at home in the second season of China's fledgling Professional Soccer League.

But it is the Tianjin stop that makes the trip interesting.
Scores of supporters of Tianjin's Samsung team planned a dockside ceremony to apologise to Beijing for a near-riot that marred a September 24 Guo an-Samsung match in their city.

"They are very sincere about this," Guo'an Fan Association leader Wang Wen told Reuters. "They want to apologise and wish us a safe

Bracing for trouble, Dalian has laid on elaborate security, assigning paramilitary

mounted officers and teams of officials to look after the Beijing visitors and sharpening stadium-gate screening for weapons and banned

China's top league went gambling correctly this would raise the quality of play but also unleashing the unexpected side-effect of hooli-

The Tianjin melee was the latest of several incidents to come to light in recent weeks - the worst outbreak of soccer violence since May 19, 1985, when fans noted after the national team lost an "unloseable" match to lowly

Hong Kong. Some critics blame Beijing fans, saying that wherever Guo'an and its hyperactive supporters go. trouble is not iar behind.

"Soccer brings great pleasure to many, but we've already seen the prototype of soccer violence," the Nanfang weekly of Guangzhou, a soccer-mad city in south China, said in one of the few public reports of the Tianjin incident.

"People are seeing the danger signals of stadium vio-

The newspaper and several witnesses said zealous, profane and often sarcastic cheering by Beijing fans and poor stadium management in Tianjin created ideal conditions for a riot.

The second half opened with a rain of apples, water bottles and other missiles af-

Fistfights and small fires erupted in the stands after fans of Beijing, which had quickly run the score up to 4-1, enraged Tianjin fans by rooting for their already humiliated side. One man was beaten ur

conscious and taken to hos-

Afterward, more than 10.000 Tianjin fans massed outside the stadium, barring Beijing fans' departure. People's armed police were summoned to boister a paralysed force of city officers, who managed to form a lane through the mob to the Beijing buses.

Ignoring a police escort. Tianjin fans pelted the convoy with bricks, smashing 27 windows and injuring seven passengers.

More than 100 Tianjin rioters were reported arrested.
On July 30, supporters of the Taishan team in the Shandong province capital Jinan clashed with more than 100 rowdy Beijing fans, forcing police to escort the visitors out of town.

A league official said soccer violence, though worrying, was nowhere near as bad as it has been in Europe and Latin America, but said stadiums had yet to adjust to the far higher levels of spectator energy spawned by the professional league.

"People are getting ever more fanatical about soccer. he said. "But we need to strengthen management of fans from out of town.

# Anand plays white in the for things like this. A draw is a legitimate result in chess." Asked by a reporter 17th game Monday. aerobics with American pop whether he felt like simply GULF TO GULF WE'VE GOT THE WORLD COVERED

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# Algerian militants warn of continued bombings in France

Armed Islamic Group (GIA) has said its fighters carried out bombings in France and vowed that it would press on with the attacks.

"We are continuing today... our holy struggle and military strikes, and this time in the heart of France and its largest cities, to prove that nothing will stand in our way as long as our actions are for the sake of Allah." said the

It was dated Sept. 23. signed by GIA leader Abu Abdul Rahman Amin, and faxed to an international news agency in Cairo on Saturday.

There was no way to confirm the authenticity of the statement.

France has been the target of several bomb attacks which have killed seven people and wounded more than 130 since July.

French officials have blamed the GIA for waging the bombing campaign to press France, the former ruler of Algeria. to halt its support for Algeria's army-backed government.

The last blast wounded 13 people in Paris on Friday, the day Algerian-born Khaled Kelkal. a suspected GIA bomber shot dead by gendarmes in central France last week, was buried outside the French city of Lyon.

The GIA is the most ruthless, of the militant groups locked in a nearly four-yearold conflict with the authorities in Algeria.

In Paris, a police spokesman said police intelligence would study the latest claim. At least two previous

ecretary of State war-

Middle East Peace Coordina-

He explained that there

was agreement to continue

"contacts" in the next few

weeks on "the best formula-

tion" for the resumption of

talks between Syria and

israel, deadlocked since last

Speaking in Arabic on Fri-

day to a limited press confer-

ence, the Syrian foreign

minister said he and the U.S.

officials he spoke with shared

the peace process (in order)

Mr. Sharaa met with Mr.

Christopher Thursday and

the following day he saw Mr.

Ross before returning to

Damascus. He came here

from New York where he had

addressed the U.N. General

KANDAHAR (Agencies) — The student-led Taliban mili-

tia, in control of the southern

half of Afghanistan. is pre-

paring for a massive offensive

against the capital Kabul, the

base for forces loyal to Presi-

dent Burhanuddin Rabbani,

In Kandahar, the old royal

capital and the headquarters

of the Taliban movement for

a year, the militia's move-.

ments have residents saying

the attack seems inevitable.

attack Kabul, but then post-

poned it to give time for the

people and humanitarian

agencies to leave," said

Mohammad Hassan, gov-

ernor of the southern city of

Kandahar, where the Taliban

"We are also waiting

maybe for Rabbani to step

down," the bearded, black-

turbaned cleric told repor-

ters. Otherwise very soon

we will faunch an attack on

last month to attack the well-

fortified capital unless Mr.

... Kabul, but I cannot say

has its headquarters.

"We gave an ultimatum to

witnesses said Saturday.

to arrive at results."

"a mutual concern to push

CAIRO (R) — A statement attacks, including Friday's in the name of Algeria's bomb explosion in Paris. have been claimed by a group called the GIA-General Command but French police were treating those claims

> with caution. French newspapers said there was a clear link between Friday's bomb and the killing of Kelkal. 24. who became the most wanted man in France after police named him as the prime suspect in the wave of bombings.

> The GIA said its statement followed a letter the group' had sent to French President Jacques Chirac inviting him to become a Muslim.

We sent him a letter in secret (on Aug. 19)... but the sly one (Chirac) refused. boasting to the people and acting proud." the statement We are committed to make you uncomfortable even in your sleep and we will end your pleasures and Islam will enter France.

The GIA denied that the letter to Mr. Chirac was an attempt at dialogue with the French government, the statement said.

"The GIA has continued to prove its force since my late brother Gaafar Seifallah threatened you with death at the end of 1993 if you did not leave our country," the GIA statement said, referring in GIA deadline for French to leave Algeria.

It claimed responsibility for "attacks against France" since warned French to leave Algeria in late 1993.

It specifically cited an attack that killed two French consulate employees and three French policemen in the 'Ain Allah suburb of Algiers in August 1994 and

Sharaa 'satisfied' after talks

In reply to a question, Mr.

the June 4 (1967) lines and

He repeated that Syria

agrees to the establishment of

'security arrangements that

are mutual, reciprocal and

equal in accordance with the

framework reached last June

and announced at the time by

Christopher himself."

adding: "This is the way for

He also reiterated Syria's

"absolute" rejection of early

warning ground stations be-

cause, he maintained, that

'symbolises occupation and

was in contradiction with the

principle of full withdrawal

and the framework of under-

standing reached among the

three parties on the principles

and objectives of security

Talibans are poised to attack

Rabbani and his top military

commander Ahmad Shah

Masood surrendered within

expired on Sept. 24, Taliban

leaders said they were de-

laying the offensive to let civilians leave the city. "We

don't want to attack the peo-

Truck drivers arriving in

Kandahar said they had seen

many Taliban fighters head-

ing for the frontline at

Maidan Shahr, about 30

kilometres southwest of

Kabul, with tanks and other

military equipment in the last

"I'm sure they are going to

The Talibans, originally re-

cruited from religious schools

attended by Afghan refugees

in Pakistan, seized most of

western Alghanistan, includ-

ing the key city of Herat, in a

spectacular advance against

pro-government forces last

tanks and other heavy

weapons stored at the big

In the offensive, they cap-

attack Kabul," said a driver

named Hakimullah.

Shortly before the deadline

Kabul unless Rabbani quits

The principles are believed

arrangements."

five days.

ple." one said.

few days.

The Taliban threatened, tured planes, helicopters,

the resumption of the talks"

on the Syria-Israeli track.

from southern Lebanon."

with Christopher and Ross

Syrian Foreign Minister Sharaa said he "made clear"

Farouk Al Sharaa said he was to his American counterpart

"satisfied" with the results of Syria's "adherence to the

his two-day "intensive" talks peace process and full with-

ren Christopher and the U.S. occupied Golan Heights) to

drawal

the hijacking of an Air France plane in December

The group claimed "more than four passengers were killed (in the hijacking) but they have been kept a state

"Be sure that the GIA keeps its promises and its men love death and cling to it like (the French) cling to life. The GIA strikes who it wants when it wants and announces whatever and whenever it wants," it said.

The statement, filled with verses from the Koran, killed as a "commentary" on the August secret message to Mr. Chirac, which was also sent with the title: "Convert to Islam and you will live in

peace. "We await your response to this call (to convert) within three weeks of your receiving it," the group hold Mr. Chirac in the August letter.

"Be sure we call you to Islam. But that does not mean we have any affection for you or want your help or fear your military interven-

"We are giving you a chance before God, so there is no excuse for you on the Day of Judgement. We alert you to your responsibility for everything and upon you is your burden and the buden of all who have suffered under

"Do not take this matter lightly, for we will hold you accountable for it before God on the Day of Judgement. the group warned.

Shortly afterwards, violence erupted and more than 30,000 people are estimated to have been killed in the

to include demilitarised zones

and early warning systems

A Syrian-Israeli accord is

seen here as a key to a

comprehensive regional

peace, a point stressed by

Edward P. Djerejian, the for-

mer assistant secretary of

state for Near Eastern

Affairs, who told a confer-

ence on Friday that "a major

effort" should be exerted in

this regard by the Clinton

Mr. Sharaa would not say

where the U.S.-Syrian "con-

tacts" would take place,

saying these could be in

Damascus or Washington.

Secretary Christopher plans

to go to Amman at the end of

this month for the meeting of

the Amman economic sum-

mit which is expected to

announce the establishment

of several regional institu-

tions to help in regional eco-

nomic development as a re-

sult of the Middle East peace

process. He may go to Syria

and Israel after the three-day

former Soviet airbase of Shindand, 100 kilometres

Kandahar residents said

some of the equipment has

now been moved to the

Kabul front via Kandahar.

The Rabbani government

accuses Pakistan of using the

Talibans as a "proxy army" and says its forces will defend

Islamabad denies backing

The Talibans are now the

the Talibans, saying it has no

favourites among warring

main opposition force in

Afghanistan, wracked by fac-

tional fighting since guerrillas.

toppled a communist regime

The Talibans, who come

from the native tribes of

southern Afghanistan and

Afghani refugee camps in

Pakistan are mostly Push-

tun, the principal ethnic

Even though they have stu-

diously avoided playing the

ethnic card, witnesses have

said a steady stream of Push-

tun men are heading for

group in the country.

Afghan parties.

in April 1992.

south of Herat.

Kabul.

conference in Jordan.

among others.

administration.

# Regent attends ATF meeting on Gulf crisis.

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Saturday attended part of a meeting of the Arab Thought Forum (ATF) under the chairmanship of the forum's secretary general, Ali Umleil.

Speaking after the meeting, Dr. Umleil said that the Regent's participation in the meeting and his contributed greatly to the discussions which focused on the Gulf crisis and Iraq's invasion of Kuwait.

The meeting is convened in Amman in implementation of a recommendation taken at an ATF meeting held in Doha, Qatar, in April to discuss the consequences of the Gulf crisis on the Arab region. Delegates from Bahrain.

Jordan, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and Iraq attended Saturday's meeting.
Dr. Umleil said that the delegates decided to hold a

seminar early next year to deal with the political, eco-

nomic and other consequ-

Kuwait with focus on the

# His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, on Saturday attends an

## Arab Thought Forum meeting on the Gulf crisis triggered by the August 1990 Iraqi invasion of Kuwait (photo by Boghos)

# Lawmakers' work handicapped by inaccessibility to information - Srour Seminar reviews performance of Parliament

By Sa'eda Kilani Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Lower House of Parliament Speaker Sa'ad Hayel Srour said Saturday the poor performance of lawmakers was due to their inaccessibility to information, a vital component of the ability of the legislative authority to perform its role properly.

Mr. Srour, who was addressing a review of the

performance of Parliament. said that the legislature's performance was influenced by "economic, social and political transformations that the region is passing through."

Ahead of the new era, he said, participants in the three-day review and all interested people should concentrate n the revision of the Election Law and the role of political parties and their participation in political life.

The House's main role is that the monitoring and supervising the performance of the executive authority, Mr. puties were not able to perform this role properly due to

social pressures.

According to Mr. Srour, the most important element to be studied in this field would be the relationship between the legislative and executive powers.

Mr. Srour's comments. made at the opening of the seminar on "Parliamentary work - realities and prospects," received the acclama-

**UAE** hopes

maid case

to settle

tion of attending deputies who called for changes to not only the one-person, onevote Election Law but also

the constitution. "We should be concentrating more on building party institutions that have effective participation inside Parliament so that when a decision is taken it will be a collective one unaffected by personal interests, rela-tionships and whims," said Mr. Srour.

Independent Deputy Abdul Hafez Shakhanbeh said that Jordanians expect their deputy to serve them iobs and solving daily prob-Senator Na'ela Rashdan

contended that the current Election Law had consolidated tribalism in the coun-"We should be looking

into new election methods and choose the most democratic." she said. The senator said that

democratic principles should he taught at school at an early age and incorporated as a prerequisite at universities and colleges to make Jordanians more acquainted with democracy, rights and duties.

She also raised the issue of withdrawing confidence from . ministers and said that it should not require two-thirds of the House's members as is the case today.

"It limits the power of the House," she said. "Securing two-thirds of the votes is very

difficult to be achieved. This

article should be amended." Although some deputies criticised most of Ms. Rashdan's contentions, they completely agreed with her on this point. Deputy Abdul Karim Dughmi said that the provision was in contradiction with the Constitution. Islamist deputies in the

House's extraordinary session that ended in mid-September sought to withdraw confidence from Minister of Justice Hisham Tal for allegedly mishandling the mass resignations of 23 senior

Huber Dobers, representative of the Konrad Adeauer Foundation, told the seminar Germany would be willing to pass on its democratic experience to other countries which choose democracy as their

"We hope that we can help in bringing about the birth of a feeling of solidarity, in creating a kind of international democratic spirit which permeates the society in all its expressions and which facilitates and strengthens cooperation between states and peoples," said Dr. Do-

In discussions at the seminar. deputies. Islamists in particular. lashed out at what they described the West's double standards. They said that the West cherishes democracy within its borders but deprives others from enjoying it when it touches on

western interests.

Islamic Action Front Deputy Bassam Emoush brought up the issue of Muslim girls prevented from entering schools wearing the veil in France.

Another IAF deputy Abdul Aziz Jaber, also criticised France's position vis-avis Algeria and said: "The mother of democracy and human rights backed military rule in Algeria to the detriment of democracy.

Professor Wolfgang Zeh from the Konrad Adenauer Foundation said Germany offered financial help to democratic forces but was always confronted with problems but said France did not officially interfere in Algeria.

The seminar, held at Amra Hotel and organised by Konrad Adenauer Foundation in cooperation with Al Urdun Al Jadid Research Centre, will also tackle the relationship between the Upper and Lower Houses, and between the House and the executive authority as well as prospects for better performance of the House.

Director of Al Urdun Al Jadid Research Centre Hani Horani said: "It is very important for all our national institutions to review the extent of our progress on the path of democracy and institutional work and to evaluate the performance of these institutions in a critical and objective spirit.

## when she was hit by the bird, but she soon laughed off the incident.

**Driving in Britain** 

today? Best be

Queen Elizabeth

bruised by

downed grouse

LONDON (AP) — Queen

Elizabeth was bruised dur-

ing a grouse shoot in

Scotland two weeks ago. Buckingham Palace said.

'A shot bird spiralled from

the sky on a misty morning

and brushed off the queen's

spokesman said, speaking

with customary anonymity.

The bruising was not serious. "A famous grouse per-

haps it may become, but

not one that will alter the

course of history," the

spokesman said. The queen

and her guests were walk-

ing with the shooting party

at Balmoral, her Scottish

estate, where she vacations

each summer. She is due

home Monday. The palace

came out with the state-

ment after Friday's edition

of the Sun tabloid newspa-

per hit the streets with a

frontpage story about what it called the "kamikaze"

red grouse. The Sun said

the queen, 69, shrieked

shoulder,"

polite LONDON (R) - British drivers were being urged. Friday to be nice to one another. Surveys have shown that Britons, who normally value manners to the extreme in person, lose their veneer of gentility when they get behind the wheel of a car. So the Royal Automobile Club and the Polite Society have banded together to sponsor a National Day of

Courtesy. Discourteous driving, they said, made other drivers develop "road rage" and could cause acci-

#### Woman caned for adultery; boyfriend freed DHAKA, Bangladesh

(AP) - A young woman was flogged in public after radical Islamic clerics accused her of adultery, but the woman's boyfriend who got her pregnant was let off, news reports said Friday. No one was arrested for beating Golapi Begum 101 times with a bamboo cane last week in front of an audience of about 1,000 villagers that included her boyfriend. Ms. Begum, 23, said she consented to having sex with Mohammad Taibullah after he promised to many her. Mr. Taibullah was acquitted for want of a witness. Women's rights groups say at least 50. women have committed suicide in recent years unable to bear the humiliation of punishment by the. kangaroo courts. The latest flogging occurred on Sept. 30 at Jaikalipur village in Comilla district, 88 kilometres east of the capital, Dhaka, according to the Janakantha newspaper.

Chirac envoy

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# Hamas leaders discuss deal with Arafat to stop attacks

ABU DHABI (R) — The United Arab Emirates CAIRO (Agencies) — Hamas activists have brought (UAE) will try again to perproposals to their leaders in suade the family of a man Sudan on ending attacks on killed by Filipina maid Sarah Israelis from Palestinian self-Balabagan to drop their demand for her execution in exchange for blood money, an official said on Saturday.

"We still have hope that the family will forgive," said the official who asked not to be named. "We will make new attempts from time to time.

Ms. Balabagan was condemned to death by an Islamic court in the oasis city of Al 'Ain on Sept. 16 for the premeditated murder of her employer. Almas Mohammad Ál Baloushi. It rejected her claim that

she stabbed him 34 times in self-defence after wrestling his knife away during a rape. UAE officials recently approached Baloushi's family and offered to pay blood money, hoping they would drop their demand for the

death sentence. The family rejected the offer and insisted that Ms. Balabagan should face execution for the killing last year. The official said the out-

rage over the case and the family's anger over the 'tainted" reputation of their father were reasons behind their refusal, to waive the death sentence. "They are concerned about

the reputation of the deceased and their own reputation. They feel that their elderly father has been branded a rapist by the inter-(Continued on page 7)

rule areas, but Hamas said Saturday no agreement had been reached. Four members of the miliunder autonomy.

tant Hamas group arrived in Sudan and began discussions Saturday with their hardline military leaders in Khartoum, Sudan's capital. Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat has sought an agreement with Hamas on ending attacks as a way to remove a major threat to the Israeli-PLO peace

"There is no agreement whatsoever with Arafat and nobody is authorised so far to reach such an agreement," Munir Saeed, the Hamas representative in Sudan, told the Associated Press. Palestinian officials in

Gaza said Friday that the non-violence pledge was part of a draft agreement between Mr. Arafat and Hamas, the PLO's main opposition in the self-rule areas.

The four Hamas members left for Sudan Friday to seek approval, but it was not clear whether the men would be able to convince their leaders abroad, who have adopted a much harder line than activists in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

Hamas has carried out a series of suicide attacks that have killed dozens of Israelis over the past two years. "Before any agreement can be reached there should be a dialogue and the other side is procrastinating and delaying," Mr. Saeed said, referring to the PLO. In the past, Hamas has

demanded that Mr. Arafat meet its leaders first to discuss their future relations Mr. Saeed, who described the team from Gaza as a

"mediation committee,"

said the talks would focus on

"setting a sound ground for the dialogue" with the Palestinian National Authority (PNA). Palestinian sources said the meetings would also review efforts to set up a political party in the Palestinian selfrule areas that would act as the movement's political

wing. That party may com-pete with the PLO in upcoming Palestinian elections.
Ibrahim Ghosheh, a Jordan-based spokesman for Hamas who is taking part in the talks in Khartoum, also denied that a draft agreement had been reached on ending

"Hamas stresses resisting the occupation is a strategic goal and it is the basis of our programme." Mr. Ghosheh said Friday.

The Hamas members were expected back in Gaza early next week.

Sudan's Islamic leader Hassan Tourabi has allowed Hamas leaders to operate in Khartoum and has sought unsuccessfully to act as a mediator between the militant group and Mr. Arafat. Abu Marzouk case

Musa Abu Marzouk, a Palestinian activist awaiting extradition hearings in the United States, is the top official in the Hamas movement, according to court docu-

The 44-year-old Abu Marzouk, a longtime legal U.S. resident, was arrested July 25 upon returning to the United States and accused of involvement in terrorism and violation of U.S. immigration

Mr. Abu Marzouk "is considered to be the number one in the (Hamas) movement" accused of numerous attacks in Israel, according to a statement from Yaacov Amidror of Israeli military intelligence.

Israel has officially requested Mr. Abu Marzouk's extradition, accusing him of involvement in a number of deadly attacks, including a suicide bomb attack last October that killed 22 people in Tel Aviv.

Mr. Amidron's statement said Mr. Abu Marzouk collected some \$500,000 for Hamas since going to Gaza to help reorganise the group.

Mr. Abu Marzouk's lawyer, Stanley Cohen, said the documents fail to link his client to the deadly attacks, calling the statements "in-

teresting but sad reading." Hamas and Islamic Jihad have been the main perpetrators of anti-Israeli attacks since the launching of Palestinian - Onomy in May 1994, lawyer, Nicholas Bleaney.

#### Hitler look-alike stabs when taunted LONDON (AP) - A man

who stabbed a pub owner after being taunted for resembling Adolf Hitler was sentenced to three years in prison. "They called me Adolf because I look like Adolf Hitler,". John Edney, 53, had told, police after the incident at a pub in Victoria, central London. "Someone shout-'ed 'sieg heil' and that made me angry," Mr. Edney had explained after thrusting a short red-handled blade at publican Michael Lorriman, who was slightly cut on the chin, Mr. Edney, who wears a small moustache similar to the Nazi dictator's, is lonely and suffers from a "siege mentality" and a belief that the world was against him," according to his